The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN.

A Naval Battle Fought off Cartagena.

THE INSURGENT VESSELS REPULSED.

The Inhabitants Ordered to Leave Cartagena.

A GENERAL BOMBARDMENT IMMINENT.

French Republicans Jubilant Over the Elections.

THIERS CONGRATULATED.

Germany Expelling Emigration Agents.

SPAIN.

Naval Battle at Cartagena.

MADRID, October 13.—The Intransigente fleet has been defeated by the National squadron. The fight took place Saturday afternoon, near Cartagena, and lasted about two hours. The insurgent vessels were considerably injured, and were compelled to return to Cartagena harbor. The Government squadron consisted of the Alamanza, Vittoria, Carmten, and two smaller vessels. Admiral Lobaz was in command of the Intransigente fleet, which numbered four vessels.

There is a rumor that the Tetuan has been captured, but the Government has received no such intelligence. There is great rejoicing over the victory.

LONDON, October 13.—A special dispatch from Cartagena to the *Times* gives the following particulars of the engagement between the Spanish Government squadron, under Admiral Lobaz, and the fleet of Intransigente vessels:

Upon the appearance off the harbor of the National squadron, the Intransigente Junta held a consultation, and decided to fight, although they had no hope of achieving a victory. Some of the garrison were in favor of surrendering the city, but the majority of the men, especially deserters from the Government army, were determined upon resisting to the last. General Contreras and several members of the Junta went on board the Numancia. All of the morning was consumed by the insurgents in taking in coal and provisions. At noon on Saturday, everything being in readiness, the four vessels weighed anchor and sailed out of the harbor, amid loud cheers from the populace and insurgent troops. After proceeding a short distance Admiral Lobar's fleet, consisting of the Vittoria, Alamanza, Villa de Madrid, Carmten and two paddle wheel steamers, were met, and the engagement instantly began. The fight lasted two hours, when the Intransigente fleet was defeated and driven back to Cartagena, their vessels being badly damaged.

The insurgents showed great spirit, but handled their ships badly, the Numancia at first having to bear the brunt of the battle alone. The firing generally was at too long range, but at the close of the engagement, while the Vittoria was endeavoring to intercept the retreat of the insurrectionist frigate Tetuan, broadsides were closely exchanged between those two vessels.

Preparing for a General Bombardment.

LONDON, October 13.—A special telegram to the *Times* says General Cebalis has ordered the people living in the neighborhood of Cartagena to quit their houses, as a general bombardment by sea and land will be opened.

How the Naval Action was Brought On.

A correspondent of the *Daily News* telegraphs from the vicinity of Cartagena that the naval action was brought on by an attempt of the insurgent fleet to escape to Oran, in Algeria.

Additional Particulars.

Additional particulars of the fight show that the rebel ships failed to support each other. The Numancia fired wildly. The Tetuan behaved with the greatest gallantry, and was frequently shouted to by spectators on shore, among whom were hundreds of foreigners. She narrowly escaped capture, owing to her boldness in coming to close quarters.

Don Alphonso Over the Border.

MADRID, October 13.—It is said that Don Alphonso and wife have recrossed the frontier into France.

The Casualties on the Rebel Side.

MADRID, October 13.—In the naval battle off Cartagena thirteen men were killed and forty-seven wounded on the rebel side. Senor Mayer, a member of the Junta, was killed on board the Numancia.

A Monarchial View of the Elections.

PARIS, October 13.—The *Journal de Paris* declares that the recent elections demonstrate the necessity for the restoration of the monarchy to prevent impending anarchy.

FRANCE.

The Republicans Jubilant over the Elections.

PARIS, October 13.—The Republican Deputies to the Assembly called on ex-President Thiers to day and tendered their congratulations on the victory in the provinces yesterday. M. Thiers expressed his gratification at the results of the election, because it would strengthen the hands of the opponents of monarchial schemes. The Deputies have also sent a telegram to M. De Remusat, expressing joy at his success.

The members of the Left Centre will meet on the 23d inst., the Extreme Republicans on the 25th, and the Moderate Republicans on the 27th, to designate members of the General Committee of Management.

Elections to be Held.

Under the law the Government must order elections for the Assembly in the Department of Aube on the 30th inst. It is probable that an election will also be held on the same day in the Departments of the Lower Seine, the Seine, and Oise and Finisterre.

M. Banc Sentenced to Death.

PARIS, October 13.—The council of war before which M. Rine was summoned to appear has decided him guilty, and passed sentence of death in contumacium.

Trial of Marshal Bazaine.

PARIS, October 13.—The trial of Marshal Bazaine was resumed to-day. The attendance was larger than on any day since the opening. The President of the Court began his examination of the accused, stating that he should consider that the prisoner's responsibility commenced with the 12th of August.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mysterious Disappearance.

LONDON, October 13.—The man who arrived here a few days ago, claiming to be Arthur Orton, has disappeared.

Under Secretary of State.

Lord Tenterden will succeed Elmund Hammond as Under Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

Specie for New York.

LONDON, October 13.—The bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England to day on balance was £30,500, all for America. Over half a million dollars in specie was shipped on Saturday for New York.

GERMANY.

Expelling Emigration Agents.

BERLIN, October 13.—The Ministers of Comm rce and Interior have issued instructions to the district authorities to expel all emigration agents who are domiciled in Germany.

AUSTRIA.

The Emperor Going to St. Petersburg.

VIENNA, October 13.—The Emperor of Austria will visit the Czar at St. Petersburg during the holidays of the Russian Christmas.

SWITZERLAND.

Pere Hyacinthe Elected Cure.

GENEVA, October 13.—Pere Hyacinthe has been elected one of the three Cures in Geneva by the Old Catholics.

MEMPHIS.

Horrible Outrage.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—Near Boydsville, in Weakley county, West Tennessee, last week, eight or ten armed men went to the house of a citizen and took a negro girl out into the woods, and each in turn outraged her person. They did not attempt to disguise themselves, and carried their victim but a short distance from the house. The people with whom the girl was living were powerless to prevent the outrage, and were compelled to listen to the agonizing shrieks of the helpless creature. Her body was found soon after the beasts had left, most horribly managled and life extinct. It is stated, in connection with the horrible affair, that the parties were never reported to the authorities, and the body was buried without any legal examination, and the crime was sought to be hushed up because of the alleged respectability of some of the parties who perpetrated the fiendish outrage.

The Dresden (West Tennessee) *Democrat* published the particulars, and appeals to the grand jurors of the county, the Governor of the state and all law-abiding citizens to wipe the foul stain from that community.

OBITUARY.

Judge F. Parkin Scott.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—F. Parkin Scott Judge of the Baltimore City Court and presiding Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, died this morning, after a protracted illness, aged seventy.

YELLOW FEVER.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—From the latest information that can be gathered, a slight check is manifest in the course of the malady, though it is almost impossible to get a reliable statement from any source. Interviews with physicians show a difference of opinion as to the extent of the check, but all agree that the disease has passed its worst, and if the new cases are less malignant and fewer in number, and a succession of frosts will follow the one of this morning, it is safe to conclude that there will be no more violent outbreak. The fatality will be necessarily heavy for a week or ten days, but aside from this, a more hopeful feeling prevails. There was more business apparent to day, many merchants receiving and shipping inquiries. Several houses to-day closed their doors, to remain so until the affliction has entirely subsided, as the business done does not justify the expense of keeping up.

The work of cleaning and disinfecting the streets and alleys is going on vigorously. Cart loads of lime were strewn in the gutters on each side of the street yesterday, and the Board of Health are doing everything with the means at hand, and urging the citizens to use prescribed disinfecting agents about their premises, so that it is confidently believed that in a few days more the malarial poison that has produced such terrible results will be effectually eradicated.

The contributions received by the Howard Relief Association to day from all sources amounted to $774,206.

One death is reported from the Waltham Infirmary and nine from all sources under the immediate care of the Howard Association. Seven new cases were admitted to the Waltham Infirmary. It is estimated that less than 10,000 persons remain in the city during the night. Large numbers attend to business during the day and go into the country at night.

The St. Andrew's Relief Committee report but three cases in their charge, all doing well. It was learned to day from the Jewish Rabbi Falnfeld that the Jews have lost fifty-two of their people by yellow fever up to this afternoon, and another will probably die before morning.

Owensville, Texas.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—The *Appeal* will publish correspondence to-morrow from Owensville, Texas, dated October 6th, which reports the yellow fever raging in that vicinity.

Aid for the Sufferers.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—The Common Council to-day appropriated fifteen thousand dollars for the relief of Memphis, and appointed the Mayor and three members each from the two boards of Council to disburse it.

Mayor Johnston, of Cincinnati, received a telegram from Mayor Johnson, of Memphis, this evening, in which is the following language: "I am pained to have to say that the disease is spreading, not abating, and that we still have to ask and accept aid from abroad. Our greatest wants are money, blankets and provisions."

The Board of Trade appointed a committee of five to co-operate with the city authorities in relieving Memphis.

RICHMOND, VA., October 13.—The Masonic committee to day collected $635 for the relief of the sick here in Memphis. The Israelites of this city sent $300 for the general relief of the sick.

COLUMBUS, GA., October 13.—The citizens of this place raised in two days $1,600 to aid the sufferers in Memphis and Shreveport. Contributions are still coming in.

CINCINNATI.

A Notable Day in Financial Circles.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—This has been the most notable day, financially, that this city has witnessed in many years since the action of the banks and bankers suspending currency payment, save as to limited sums in the discretion of the banks. The desire to know when this embargo on the commerce of the city was to be removed has increased from day to day, though there has been a general adaptation to the peculiar circumstances. When the announcement was made that the Clearing House Association, at its meeting on Saturday evening, had determined on full and complete currency resumption, it was received with the greatest satisfaction. The mere whispering on Change on Saturday that the Association was to hold an important meeting at the close of the day was construed into a hopeful indication, and thereby gave a tone to the general markets that was an improvement over the preceding days. While there was confidence in the solvency of our banks, there was much interest felt to see what developments would be made during the earlier hours of the opening day.

At the usual hour this morning every bank and banker in the Clearing House Association, twenty one in number, commenced full and unequivocal resumption. There was no excitement. There was nothing about the appearance of the banks that indicated any run. The business of the day commenced and continued to the close with a degree of quiet that was remarkable. The larger number of the bankers report that they received more currency than they paid out. One of the national banks received in currency one hundred thousand dollars more than they were called on to pay.

At the close of banking hours all acknowledged that the success of the first day of currency resumption had been complete. Of four hundred and sixty-two thousand dollars in clearing house certificates, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars were canceled to day, leaving less than three hundred thousand dollars of certificates unredeemed.

ST. LOUIS.

Terrible Tragedy Near Carrollton, Mo.—A Married Woman and her Paramour Shot by the Husband.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—A dispatch from Carrollton, Mo., gives an account of a terrible tragedy enacted near there. It appears that Robert Austin, a young farmer, residing about eight miles from Carrollton, has for some time suspected infidelity on the part of his wife. On Friday morning last Austin left home, saying he was going to the St. Louis Fair, and would be absent several days. He went to the depot, but returned home after dark, and secreted himself in a closet in his wife's bedroom, armed with a double-barreled shot gun. His wife soon retired, and shortly afterward Elijah Haley entered the room, undressed himself, and just as he was getting into bed Austin sprang from his concealment and fired at him, but missed his aim. The shot entered his wife's abdomen. Austin fired again at Haley and killed him instantly. The affair created intense excitement by reason of the prominence of all the parties concerned. Young Austin being the son of Col. Austin, one of the oldest and wealthiest farmers of Carroll county. His wife was the daughter of Dr. Fleming, a prominent citizen of Lafayette county, and young Haley was a brother of Dr. Thomas and Elder Henry Hawley, both prominent in the Christian church. Mrs. Austin died on Saturday afternoon, and Austin surrendered to the authorities.

POLITICAL.

A Democratic Congressional Nomination Declined.

BOSTON, October 13.—Benjamin Dean has declined the Democratic nomination for Congress from the Third District, on the grounds that a portion of the Convention advocated no nomination and another part favored the nomination of a Republican candidate.

Representative Brooks' Successor in Congress.

NEW YORK, October 13.—It is reported that Ex-Gov. Hoffman will be nominated by the Democracy for Congress as the successor to James Brooks.

A Seducer Killed.

NASHVILLE, TENN., October 13.—R. M. Richards, proprietor of the Academy of Music, a disreputable place of amusement in this city, was shot and instantly killed on the street near the door of his establishment at noon to day, by James Hagan, a young man nineteen years of age. Richards had seduced Hagan's sister and refused to marry her. Hagan, after shooting, stood over and watched him to see that he was dead, then walked across the street and gave himself up to Captain Stockell, chief of the Fire Department.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The Question of Adjournment—Final Passage of the Article Relative to Public Officers—Judge Black's Resignation Accepted.

In the Constitutional Convention, yesterday, Mr. S. A. Purviance moved a resolution that on and after Monday next the convention will hold evening sessions, commencing at seven o'clock P. M., and that on Friday, the 24th instant, at twelve M., the roll will be called and the amended constitution signed, and at three o'clock P. M. of said day the Convention will adjourn *sine die*. Not agreed to.

The committee appointed to consult with Judge Black respecting his resignation reported that they had telegraphed to Judge Black at York, also to Washington, and had written him letters to both places, but had received no answer to either of the communications, and therefore they asked that they be discharged, which was agreed to.

Judge Woodward then moved to take up his resolution accepting Judge Black's resignation, and the motion carried, and the choice of a successor was referred to the delegates at large in political sympathy with the resigned delegate.

The Convention then took up article 12, relative to public officers, on third reading, which was amended and finally passed. It is as follows:

SECTION 1. All officers whose election is not provided for in this Constitution shall be elected or appointed as shall be directed by law.

SEC. 2. No member of Congress from this State, nor any person holding or exercising any office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this State, to which a salary, fees, or perquisites shall be attached.

SEC. 3. Any person who shall fight a duel, or send a challenge for that purpose, or be an aider or abettor in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honor or profit in this State, and may be otherwise punished as shall be prescribed by law.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE CAPITAL.

Respect to the Memory of Chief Justice Chase.

MEETING OF THE BAR.

Eulogy by Reverdy Johnson on the Deceased Jurist.

THE STORM IN AUGUST.

1,122 Vessels Destroyed and 600 Lives Lost.

CALL FOR NATIONAL BANK REPORTS.

WASHINGTON, October 13, 1873.

Ex-President Johnson in Town.

Ex-President Johnson declines at present to make any statement as to the nature of his business in Washington. He says he will be here several days, and before he goes will have something to say relative to his presence here. It is believed that he will prepare a statement in refutation of that recently published by Judge Holt, but gives no information upon the topic. He is accompanied by his son, Andrew Johnson, Jr. This morning a large number of personal and political friends called upon him at the hotel. Shortly after Johnson's arrival he sent for Mr. G. Moore, of this city, who was his private secretary during his Presidential term.

In Memoriam—Chief Justice Chase.

After the adjournment of the Supreme Court to day, to enable the Justices to pay their annual visit to the President, a meeting was held to take action concerning the death of Chief Justice Chase. There were present in the chamber, Attorney General Williams, Reverdy Johnson, General Butler, Senator Bayard, Messrs. Carlisle, Casey, Phillips, Otto Pike, Ashton, Davidge, Durant, Bradley, Pascal, Merrick, and and many other distinguished members of the bar. On motion of Mr. Carlisle, Hon. Reverdy Johnson presided. D. W. Middleton, clerk of the Court, acted as secretary.

Mr. Johnson, in the course of his address on taking the chair, said the death of an eminent judge of even a State court is always a great calamity, but the death of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States was a still greater calamity, because of the greater extent of jurisdiction and greater importance of questions to be decided. He felt sure he could assert with perfect truth that more able, pure and upright justices than those which preceded this court were not to be found in any other country of the civilized world, and as to the late Chief Justice, he was in all respects equal to his predecessors. When the appointment was made, although he had a high appreciation of his talents and ability as a legislator and officer of the Government, and was satisfied that Chase was truly a great man, he had his doubts concerning his capacity for the distinguished judicial position. But in this he was mistaken; for his decisions, involving so many delicate and important questions growing out of our civil strife, from the very first commanded the approval of the profession and of the country. He would forbear to even conjecture who was to succeed to the Chief Justiceship. He believed, however, and he felt perfectly satisfied from his judgment of the appointing power, combining power, that whoever shall be his successor will be found equal to the task.

In conclusion, Mr. Johnson said some consolation was to be found in the fact that as a father, the late Chief Justice was a tender; as a friend, steadfast; as a man, he stood to the last high in the confidence of his countrymen, and he died as he lived—a Christian.

Mr. Phillip Phillips said he was satisfied that the members of the bar had listened with profound respect to the remarks of the chairman, and as these no doubt found a response in every listener, he thought it unnecessary to offer any remarks, but would move the appointment of a committee to report such action as was necessary to be taken.

A committee was accordingly appointed. After an interval of a few minutes, Mr. Merrick reported a series of resolutions eulogistic of the character of the deceased, and tendering to his family the sincere sympathy of the meeting in their loss; and, further, that the Attorney General of the United States be requested to cause in the Supreme Court that the resolutions be entered in the minutes, and as a further mark of respect, that the members of the bar will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

The resolutions were agreed to and the meeting adjourned.

Damage by the Great Storm in August.

A report of the movements and damage done by the great storm of August 24th has been prepared at the Signal Office, which will be given in full to the public in a few days. One thousand and thirty-two vessels, of which four hundred and thirty-five were small fishing schooners, are known to have been destroyed during the 24th and 25th of August on the neighborhood of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Atlantic shores of Nova Scotia, Cape Breton and New Foundland. In addition to this large number, over ninety vessels were destroyed by the same storm in its course before reaching Nova Scotia, making a total of 1,122 vessels destroyed within a few days, 223 lives definitely reported lost, and a most moderate estimate of numerous cases in which whole crews are stated to have been lost, swells the number to nearly 600, while if to this be added the loss of life on land and in the earlier history of the cyclone, the grand total amounts to at least 600 lives. The records also show that about 900 buildings were injured or totally destroyed by this storm.

Call on National Banks for Reports.

The Comptroller of the Currency to-day issued a circular calling upon all National banks for a report of their condition at the close of business on Friday, the 12th of September, 1873.

The Bank Superintendent of the State of New York has already called for a report of the condition of all State banks in that State for the same day, so that complete statistics of all banks, State and national, in the City and State of New York, can be compiled from these returns when received. The Comptroller also selected this day in order that he may be able to furnish complete statistics of the condition of the national banks of the whole country just previous to the beginning of the panic. As the call for reports has been delayed for ten days beyond the usual time, it is urgently requested that bank officers will respond as promptly as possible to the circular of the Comptroller.

The Pomeroy Shooting Affair.

Martin F. Conway, who was arrested on Saturday last for shooting ex Senator Pomeroy, will have a preliminary hearing at the Police Court to-morrow morning. Pomeroy denies the statement that he will decline to prosecute Conway, and says a complaint will be entered by the officer who made the arrest, but all who witnessed the shooting have been summoned, together with the ex Senator, who will also give his testimony.

Paying Railroad Bonds.

The Attorney General has decided that one-half of the compensation chargeable for Government dispatches over the telegraph line of the Western Union Telegraph Company along the Kansas Pacific Railroad may be retained by the Government and applied to the payment of bonds issued by the United States to aid in the construction of the road.

Conditional Pardon to Army Deserters.

The President has caused an order to be issued from the War Department giving full pardon to all deserters who may return to duty on or before the 1st of January next, and who may serve faithfully during the remainder of their terms of enlistment.

Recruits for the West.

The Superintendent of the General Recruiting Service has been directed to send one hundred and twenty-five recruits to Omaha, for assignment to the Fourteenth Cavalry.

Legal Tenders Outstanding.

The outstanding legal tenders amount to $359,066,888.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Two Ships Wrecked in the Pacific Ocean.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., October 13.—On the 30th of April the ship Elizabeth Kimball, which sailed from Port Gamble, Oregon, for Iquique, sprung a leak in latitude 28, south, and made for Eastern Island, where she was run ashore. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. The Captain, his wife, and crew, eight persons in all, escaped in a schooner made from the wreck, reached Tahite safely, and came here on the British bark Marama.

The ship William and Thomas, from Port Blakely, for Valparaiso, sprung a leak and ran to the same island. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. The ship was driven ashore. The crew escaped.

Vessels Dismasted.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—All incoming vessels report encountering a terrible hurricane on the 5th and 6th. The ship Carondelet, from Liverpool, lost all but one mainmast, mizzen and mizzen topmast, but arrived at Southwest Pass. She was yesterday in company with an unknown dismasted ship.

The ship Brämen arrived, and reports having seen a bark with her mainmast carried away, and two full-rigged ships, both with the loss of topmasts and yards.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, October 13.—The steamships Idaho, City of Chester, Cimbria, Hanna and Algeria, from New York, Hecla, from Boston, and Pennsylvania, from Philadelphia, have arrived out.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The steamship Nevada, from Liverpool, has arrived.

NEW YORK.

A Sensation in the Religious World.

COMMUNING OUT OF THE DENOMINATION.

Suit to Restrain Daniel Drew.

AN INJUNCTION MODIFIED.

NEW YORK, October 13, 1873.

The Dean of Canterbury and the Presbyterians.

The action of the Dean of Canterbury in taking part in the celebration of the Lord's Supper at Madison Square Presbyterian church on Sunday, the 5th inst., has caused much discussion among the members of the Anglican and Protestant Episcopal churches, and letters have been written to the Dean and to Bishop Potter, of this diocese, by the Right Rev. Dr. Tazer, late Missionary Bishop to Central Africa. A tardy publication is this morning given to these letters, the existence and import of which has been known for some days. In a letter to Bishop Potter, Dr. Tazer says that it is by no means improbable that restless and unstable persons in England will seize upon this act of what I must presume to call open hostility to the discipline of the Church as an excuse and apology for attending from time to time the attractive services of the Church of Rome, but the result of this experiment here in America may be even more disastrous. For so far as Dr. Smith's influence extends it will suggest the idea that the promise held out by the Episcopal Church in this land of becoming the haven of rest of men who are tossed to and fro by the multiplicity of the contending creeds and systems is nothing else than a mistake and delusion.

An Episcopal Bishop Communing with Presbyterians.

There were two significant services yesterday in connection with the Alliance, which the morning papers omit from their accounts. At Dr. Hall's Presbyterian church, communion service was administered by Episcopal Bishop Cummins, of Kentucky, assisted by Dr. Arthur, of Edinburgh, and Dr. Dorner, of Berlin. The Bishop remarked that in all his ministery he had never before communed with his Presbyterian brethren, but that this should not be the last time.

At Dr. Booth's Presbyterian church, Rev. Dr. Freemantle, of the Church of England, assisted the pastor in the administration of communion. Such incidents, occurring as they do under circumstances, taken in connection with the letter of the late Missionary Bishop of Zanzibar to the "Lord Bishop" of New York, in which he takes the Dean of Canterbury to task for his participation in Presbyterian communion, of last week, indicates the probability of a stir in the church.

An Injunction Modified.

Judge Hatchford to day modified the injunction sufficiently to permit Clark Bros. & Co. to sell securities held as collateral for money loaned G. Bird Grinnell & Co. This decision may throw on the market 10,000 registered Lake Shore and Michigan Southern registered sinking fund bonds.

The injunction was modified on condition that Blake Bros. & Co. file a sworn statement of sales in the Clerk's office of the United States District Court in Bankruptcy, to await such action as an assignee in bankruptcy may take, providing such assignee be appointed to collect and distribute the assets of Grinnell & Co.

Mayor Havemeyer and the Laboring Classes.

The Committee to wait on Mayor Havemeyer to see what could be done about modifying the contract system so as to give fifty thousand persons who were last year depending on the judgment of the appointing power, controlling power, that whoever shall be his successor will be found equal to the task.

In conclusion, Mr. Johnson said some consolation was to be found in the fact that as a father, the late Chief Justice was a tender; as a friend, steadfast; as a man, he stood to the last high in the confidence of his countrymen, and he died as he lived—a Christian.

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WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 7:30 P. M., Oct. 13, 1873.

Probabilities for To-day.

For the Gulf States, southeasterly winds, somewhat higher temperature and increased cloudiness, possibly with rain on the western Gulf coast.

For the South Atlantic States, southeast and southwest winds, with generally clear weather.

For the Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, southwesterly winds and cloudy or partly cloudy weather.

For the lower lakes, southerly, veering to westerly winds, with cloudy weather.

For the upper lakes and Northwest, northwesterly winds and clear or clearing weather.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—The river is unchanged.

NASHVILLE, October 13.—River still declining, 11 inches on shoals. Weather clear and pleasant.

VICKSBURG, October 13.—Down—Crescent City, and Belle Lee. No boats up. Clear and cool. River falling slowly.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—Arrived—John B. Maude, Memphis. Departed—Mollie Moore, St. Louis. Clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—Arrived—Bertram, Keokuk; Chester, Memphis; Glencoe, New Orleans. Departed—Bertram, Keokuk; Dolphin and Anita, below. River stationary. Clear and pleasant. Business fair.

EVANSVILLE, IND., October 13.—Clear and pleasant; mercury 40 to 64. River stationary. Down—Evansville, 10 P. M.; T. M. Miller, 9 A. M.; Jno. H. Brandford, 1:30 P. M. Up—Burksville, 8 A. M.; Fayette and Roberts, 9. Business fair.

CAIRO, October 13.—Arrived: City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg, 1 P. M.; Silverthorn, Evansville, 1; Eureka, Evansville, 3; Charles Brown, St. Louis, 5. Departed: City of Vicksburg, St. Louis, 2 P. M.; Silverthorn, Evansville, 4. River stationary. Clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE, October 13.—River stationary, with 28 inches in canal and 30 inches on Portland bar. Weather clear and cool; heavy frost this morning. Arrived—Pat Rogers, Cincinnati; Ada Hellman, Henderson. Departures—Pat Rogers, Cincinnati; Ada Hellman, Hendersou.

MEMPHIS, October 13.—River stationary, with 6 feet to Cairo and below here. The White and Arkansas rivers are both falling. Packets arrived to day—Pat Cleburne, Helena; Phil Allen, Friar's Point; Emma Elliott, St. Louis. Departed—Phil Allen, Friar's Point. In port—City of Augusta, Pat Cleburne, Emma Elliott and A. J. White. Boats leaving to-morrow—Pat Cleburne, Helena, 5 P. M.; City of Augusta, White River, 10 A. M.; A. J. White, Napoleon, 5 P. M.; West Wind, Osceola, 5 P. M.; Colorado, Vicksburg, 10 A. M. Business on the levee very light.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Nine jurors have been obtained in Stokes' case.

—General Sherman left Washington last evening for Toledo, to attend the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee.

—A collision occured on Monday on the Chesapeake and Ohio Road, at Trevillion Station, Va., between an express and freight train. No one was injured. Loss fifteen thousand dollars. The cause was carelessness by the engineer of the freight train.

—At Oakland, Oregon, last Sunday night, police officer Thomas arrested Thos. Conway, when a crowd attempted a rescue, led by Thos. McCarthy. Conway fired a shot into the air. Seeing that it had not the desired effect, he fired at McCarthy, inflicting a wound which proved fatal in a short time.

—A Washington dispatch says the German Minister has received intelligence from Berlin, stating authoritatively that Mme. Von Bismarck is not only not dead, but not sick. The story was probably invented by Ultramontanists to coincide with the arrival of Victor Emanuel at Berlin. So it would appear that Bismarck had suffered this affliction for the King of Italy.

Collision on the Camden & Amboy Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—A report has just reached here that two trains collided on the Camden & Amboy Railroad to night, at Almyra. The engineer and fireman of one of the trains were killed.

BREVITIES.

····Vote Early.

····Election Day.

····Don't forget to vote to-day.

····Go to City Hall to-night for fun.

····There is no betting on the election this time.

····Two new fire alarm boxes have been put up on Troy Hill, Allegheny.

····The majority of the members of the Con. Con. are not ready to come home yet.

····Frank Baxter, who stabbed Bushberger, has been held for Court by Deputy Mayor Irwin.

Brother Barr, of the *Post* is now a member of the Con. Con. Look out for a new libel law.

····Pat. Carrigan, the watchman who has a weakness for potatoes, has given bail for a hearing to-morrow evening.

····Lottie Brieco a colored girl, before Alderman O'Donnell charges Lizzie Kawana with keeping a bawdy house on Penn street.

····A lad named John B. Morse had a leg and arm broken last evening by being run over by a bread wagon. Dr. McCandless attended him.

····An alarm of fire from box 138, South Side, yesterday afternoon was occasioned by a slight fire on the roof of a dwelling on Josephine street.

····Young Robert H. Murdoch, son of the genial clerk at the Union Depot Hotel, will not take the congressional field as a candidate the coming year.

····A freight which ran off the track near Rattlesnake Run, on the A. V. R. R. blockaded the road for several hours on Saturday and detained travel.

····The brick layers and hod carriers at work on the additions to the Allegheny city buildings, quit work yesterday because last week's "spoon" didn't forthcome.

····James Orr, the contractor who didn't blockade his streets that he was repaving, paid ten dollars and costs into the Allegheny City Treasury for his carelessness last evening.

····The wharf receipts and expenditures for September are as follows: Allegheny wharf—Receipts, $250; expenses, $143; Monongahela wharf—Receipts, $441.50; expenses, $376.69.

····Two ladies in a light spring wagon ran over a little boy at the head of Federal street, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon, but the boy was not much hurt, though the ladies were much frightened.

····A man was thrown from a horse he was riding on Juniata street, Allegheny, last evening. His foot was held in the stirrup and he was dragged a considerable distance and very badly injured.

····An alarm of fire was sounded yesterday afternoon about two o'clock from box 138, on the South Side, occasioned by a slight fire in the roof of a house on Josephine street. It was extinguished with little loss.

····David M. Aiken yesterday made an information before Mayor Blackmore, charging John Warnick with misdemeanor under the livery act in damaging a buggy to the amount of twelve dollars and fifty cents.

····Owing to the absence of Clerk Patterson, who is obliged to go east, the meeting of the Riddell Investigating Committee, which was announced for to-morrow morning, has been postponed until some time next week.

····On Saturday evening a second attempt was made to rob the store of Thomas Evans at Six Mile Ferry. On the Monday previous he was operated on by burglars and thirty dollars and a quantity of tobacco taken from him.

····On Monday next the school for newsboys and bootblacks will open at the Grant District, Third ward, school house on Grant street. The hours for study will be such, that their business will not in any way be interfered with.

····The High Tent of the Rechabites, a temperance organization, commence their annual session this morning in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny. The session will last several days, and delegates will be present from all the primary Tents in the United States.

····Mrs. John Costello, of Franklin, who absconded with $600 of her husband's money, was arrested at the St. James' hotel in this city on Saturday night, and gave bail for a hearing on a charge of larceny, made by him against her. She says she earned the money herself.

····Mr. Joseph Marks charges Charles Itzell, before Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, with embezzlement, in defrauding a promissory note from one hundred and fifty to to two hundred and fifty dollars. The accused has been arrested, and gave bail for a hearing on Thursday.

····Last evening, about seven o'clock, Pat. Murphy's house on West alley, between Third street and North avenue, Allegheny, was set on fire by a daughter of his going to a clothes press with a lighted lamp, and igniting some of the clothing. An alarm was struck from box 46, when the engines came upon the scene and subdued the flames. Damage $100.

····We notice with pleasure that the Third U. P. church of this city promptly responded to the appeal of the suffering citizens of Memphis by taking up a collection on Sabbath, without any previous notice only from the pulpit just before lifting the collection; and after many of members had subscribed to the contribution, the sum taken up was $84 84, which has been handed over to Mr. Holmes, to be forwarded immediately.

····Henry Phillips, who lives in Henderson township, Jefferson county, it is alleged, has committed forgeries and other "irregularities," amounting to about $20,000, and eloped with a Pittsburgh woman, leaving behind him an estimable wife. He has heretofore borne a good reputation, and it is to be hoped that the allegations made against him may be proved to be without any foundation.

····A young man named George W. Myers, residing at Livermore, fell from the abutment of a railroad bridge on the West Penn Railroad, on Saturday last, near Blairsville, and received such injuries that he died from their effects. Deceased had been to Greensburg with his company, and had returned to Blairsville, and was about walking home, a distance of five miles, when he met with the terrible accident which terminated his life.

····Mr. Davis, the contractor for laying the gas pipes to the new gasometer of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, at Cunliffe's Run, on the Connellsville railroad, has thrown up his contract, and yesterday morning Mr. James Booth took charge of the work. The work was to have been completed by October 1, but it will be December before it is ready. Dr. Hostetter proposes to erect a new meter near the large gasometer, and to furnish the people of the East End, who are now unable to procure an adequate supply from those works, with the illuminating power.

····Early yesterday morning, about one o'clock, the eight building, being erected by Mr. John Phillips, on the Brownsville road in St. Clair township, caught fire and was burned to the ground. The house had already cost some twenty-two thousand dollars and was not entirely completed. Mr. Phillips intended to move into it this month. The fire caught from the embers of a fire in the attic, where two of the carpenters were sleeping, and in the consequence of the distance from the city—two and a half miles from the city line—the conflagration continued unchecked all night. The Mt. Oliver Hook and Ladder was early on the ground, but their services were to a great extent unavailing

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1873.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON, Jefferson county.
STATE TREASURER,
ROBERT W. MACKEY, Allegheny county.

COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.
STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE R. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. McCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEVILLE, Wilkins.
A. E. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh, (North Side.)
J. CHRISTY, Stockton.
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.
PROTHONOTARY,
S. P. McKEEVER, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY TREASURER,
SAMUEL RUTHERFORD, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
AUGUSTUS MOORE, Ohio township, 3 years,
JAMES G. MURRAY, Upper St. Clair, 2 years.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer,
in place of
WILLIAM McCALLIN, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

BONDS at Frankfort 97¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 41f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 108¾.

AFTER a battle of two hours, the Insurgent fleet was beaten but not conquered by the Spanish fleet, off Cartagena.

ALREADY, a war of feeling and words has broken out, because the Dean of Canterbury communed with Presbyterians. This is to be regretted. Probably it was impudent in the Dean to do as he did, but it was more impudent in others to give notoriety to the affair.

WE have already had occasion to call attention to the irregularities of the New York *Tribune* in dealing with financial issues. In a recent number, it published an elaborate editorial, the purpose of which was to show that the United States Treasury had not enough gold to meet the obligations that would mature within a hundred days. Now it confesses that it misapprehended the situation, and is frantically calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to sell gold.

THE vacancy in the Constitutional Convention occasioned by the retirement of Judge Black, has been filled by the election of Hon. James P. Barr, of this city, which action is a merited compliment to a very worthy and capable gentleman. Mr. Barr will bring to bear, in the discharge of his duties, practical wisdom, large acquaintance with the history and needs of our State, and a journalist's appreciation of measures that could hardly fail to make him a

not the least of his successes. Before, and parties any under Margall's administration, the Presidency was but an ornamental figure head, the real power being with the Cortes. Now the President has real executive authority, and the result is observable in the rapid thinning out of the Carlists.

VOTE THE TICKET.

We have urged our people to vote the straight ticket, and repeat our advice this morning. The other tickets are more or less mixed; but while the Republican ticket recognizes the various elements in our midst—Temperance, Labor, the Germans, and so on through the list, it is not confined to any one influence. This is as it should be. So long as society is made up of various and intermingling elements, so long must these several elements be recognized by a great political party. The Republican party has done this in this State, in a remarkably judicious manner. Probably a better ticket, all things considered, was never offered in this county to the voters of the Republican party. There is no reason why every Republican should not vote it. We do not specify names, for we need not; but we urge strongly, but temperately, that *all* Republicans, whatever special affiliations they may have, vote to-day the *solid Republican ticket.*

THE PRESIDENT'S PLAN.

President Grant has given unreserved utterance to his views on the financial situation, and has intimated what he deems necessary for the future welfare of the country, as regards financial management. If correctly reported, he sees no difficulty in the way of an immediate return to specie payments, so far as silver is concerned. Silver and greenbacks are of equal value now, and he wonders that silver is not poured out in sufficient quantity for change. The reason is, simply, the same as holds good for the scarcity of greenbacks. Both greenbacks and silver are at a premium—consequently they are hoarded. Because the premium on gold is higher still, it is not used as currency, but is bought and sold as a commodity. Either of two things will give us currency again. If enough greenbacks were issued, say the balance of the reserve of $44 000 000, we would have a sufficient greenback currency; if not, as soon as values became adjusted to the present currency and silver standard, we shall have both currency and silver in circulation,—probably in sufficient abundance.

The most important declarations of the President are his views as he proposes to present them to Congress, should he see no reason to change his sentiments before that body meets. These recommendations look to the development of greater ease and elasticity in our banking system, with security to bill holders as we now have, and a reserve which shall be in gold, and gradually increased with a view to the full resumption of specie payments, ultimately. The last proposition is harmless, but of no practical value. There is a certain amount of gold in the country. At the present it is a commodity. From a fourth to a third of this amount is in the United States Treasury or Sub-Treasury vaults. If it were bought by the banks, say with their bonds, and placed there as security for circulation, it would answer exactly the same purpose it now does, so far as the country at large is concerned, with this exception: Now, the bonds deposited as security for circulation draw interest, and do not represent dead capital, so far as the banks are concerned; then the gold would be dead capital unless the Government would pay interest on the gold—which it would be very foolish to do. Specie payments will come, when really desired, not by means of some compulsory process, but through the operation of the natural laws of trade.

There is a divided feeling throughout the country that the only defect in our national banking system is the deficient security to depositors. The President proposes to abolish this altogether, and substitute what may be termed free banking. We are aware that some bankers argue that the reserve for the security of depositors is too large for the advantageous working of the banks themselves. It is difficult, of course, for a perfect adjustment of this question to be successfully reached; but the importance of *attempting* to reach the point of security to depositors as well as for circulating notes, may be seen in the fact that the absolute security of the notes causes them to be at a premium in time of panic. Were the same security afforded depositors, there would be no run on national banks. As it is, they suffered but slightly; but certainly we do not want less security in our national banking systems. Rather, let that security be strengthened.

The proposition to ask for power to re issue the $44 000 000 of retired currency, and to establish Postoffice Savings banks, meets our hearty commendation. We have so frequently elaborated the reasons for the first, that we do not need to repeat them at length. We believe that there is day than just before the war, leaving gold and silver out of the account. At most, there is not more than $50,000 000 difference. Yet the business of the country, and its population have steadily grown, until our need is much greater than then. Hence we need the extra $44,000,000. The Postoffice Savings banks are intended to afford security to the people, and it is thought will become very popular. The interest to be allowed will be four per cent. and the proposition is to invest the money in government four and a half per cent. bonds. The difference of two per cent. between this and the amount paid by other savings banks will probably limit the business. Still, it is entirely unobjectionable, and can be very freely commended. There is, therefore, much to be favored, in the reported statement of the President, and some things that need to be accepted cautiously.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A DISPATCH from Berlin announces several failures in that city.

THEY have found out in Paris how to say in French that "Barnum is the prince of humbugs."—"*Barnum est le prince de la blague.*"

J. M. HAYNES & Co.'s sweet corn drying establishment, situated about two miles east of South Lebanon, Ohio, was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Loss $15,000; insured for $10,000.

THE laying of the corner-stone of the new Capitol of Iowa, the other day, inaugurated a new era in public occasions. No speeches were made, except a few remarks by a workman who got his fingers pinched, and they were merely of a cursory character.

IT is expected that not less than two hundred granges will be represented in the Convention of the Georgia State Grange, to be held at Macon on the 7th of October proposed, as it is, of the best educated and most intelligent of the agricultural community.

A VERMONT paper, after announcing the sale of a calf in New York for $27,000, is saucy enough to remark that if all the calves in Massachusetts should be sold at this rate she could pay the national debt, and that, too, without disturbing the animals in office.

THE steamship George W. Clyde arrived at Key West on the 8th of October, from Galveston for New York, and reports having encountered a severe hurricane on the 6th. Captain Cole, the second officer, chief engineer and one seaman were washed overboard and drowned.

PEOPLE who care what they dream about had better keep away from Bald Mountain, Tenn., where a number of rattlesnakes has long been the terror of the country. Forty have been counted under a single rock, and on any sunny day the heads of 500 may be seen projecting from beneath a circular ledge.

AMONG the treasures of the late Duke of Brunswick, and concealed with a cover of base metal, has been found the celebrated "Vase of Mantua." It is of onyx, and a true masterpiece of artistic workmanship. Its fame is well known to antiquarians, who claim it is of Semitic production and that plaid used at the consecration of the Hebrew kings.

MR. COULTER says a looking glass affords a woman a marvelous amount of comfort and gratification. He says his wife thinks just as much of combing her glass when she ties on her apron as when she ties on her bonnet. He says that when there is a knock at the door he goes there at once, but his wife, on the contrary, ejaculates—"Hurry, Joseph, who's that" and dashes for the looking-glass in first thing.

A SUIT for breach of promise has been brought by a man against a woman in England. Miss Jenkinson proposed to Mr. Smith, and engaged two young men to act as groomsmen. That was as far as the matter was allowed to go. She jilted Smith. When the writ was served on her, she said, "I'll marry him if he makes me, and when I're married h m I'll make him live like a toad under a harrow." Smith is a lucky fellow to have been jilted.

A SERIES of experiments, instituted to test the average loss in weight by drying, shows that corn loses one fifth and wheat one-fourteenth by the process. From this the statement is made that farmers will make more by selling us boiled corn in the Fall at 75 cents than the following Summer at $1 a bushel, and that wheat at $1.32 in December is equal to $1.50 for the same wheat in the June following. This estimate is made on the basis of interest at 7 per cent., and takes no account of loss from the depredation of vermin. These facts are worthy of consideration.

CHIEF JUSTICE COCKBURN has been catching it as not from the English press as he did from Caleb Cushing. His last penalty imposed a fine of $750 on the editor of a Welsh paper published at Cheltenham for having presumed to offer certain strictures on the interminable Tichborne case. The London *Times*, which has more than once been guilty of the same offence (if offence it can be called), may do so with perfect impunity, for his lordship knows that it would not be safe to call the "Thunderer" to account. The English papers are naturally indignant over a rule which does not work uniformly, and it is expected that the Cheltenham journalist will either go to prison for contempt of court than pay the fine.

AS an illustration of the immense voracity of small birds, and of the quantities of insects destroyed by them, a correspondent of the London *Times* writes: "The blue titmouse has been watched, and found to feed its young from 3:30 A. M. to 8:30 P. M., 475 times, bringing one large or two or three small insects each time. The thrush, from 1:15 A. M. to 9:15 P. M., 206 times. The blackbird, from 3:15 A. M. to 8:40 P. M., 113 times. The whitethroat, from 4:20 to 8 P. M., 66 times, each time bringing several large worms or insects. The sparrow, from two or three to six or eight insects at once, and as this goes on for all the day, and they frequently have two or three broods in the year, they must destroy an immense number. I watched the other day a wagtail catching insects to feed its young, and it took eight or nine into its bill in a minute or two, and had not left when I turned away. The starlings I frequently observed getting caterpillars for their young, flying from tree to tree with two or three together in their bills, to collect more."

THERE was a pale, attenuated man, with a countenance of vigorous sadness, in the baggage car of a Housatonic train last Friday. He was sitting on an ended trunk, hugging his legs. Opposite him, on another trunk, was a large sized man, extracting the fattening fragrance of a very short cigar. The thin man being under the impression that he might hear something to his advantage, looked at the large man. Then the large man drew forth a fresh cigar, and silently extended it to the thin man, whereupon the thin man jumped briskly down to accept it, and the large man deliberately put it in his own mouth, and as deliberately applied the lighted stub to his end. Then the thin man got back on his trunk again, and stared very hard at the large man.

HAPPILY for the delight of mankind, the race of Dogberries has not altogether expired. Boston furnishes the latest example. The three wise city fathers of a town, with an unpronounceable name, in that interesting country, recently received notice from the District Court to elect another jury man for the court, the word jurymen resulting in the Bohemian language almost exactly like the word midwife. The City Council, after three days of solemn meditation, sent in an official remonstrance to the court, setting forth at great length that the town was already accommodated with two midwives, that neither the number of women in the place, nor their fertility, warranted the extravagance of engaging a third one, and that hence the City Council most respectfully refuse the request of the District Court.

PERSONAL.

THE Kellogg English opera company began their season in Philadelphia last week, producing "Faust," "Martiana," "Fra Diavolo," and "Ma Bo m." Miss Kellogg as Marguerite made a great success.

THE Rev. J. H. Bradford, late Superintendent of the Girls' Industrial School at Middleton, Conn., writes a letter to the *Constitution*, of that place, in which he denies the alleged extravagance, on account of which he was removed, and says the directors have shown favoritism and injustice in their treatment of him.

GEORGE SAND, says gossip, is about ending her days in a convent, and this may explain her presence at a few pilgrimages lately, as well as her recently-declared disgust with the world and its workings. "I have been in error all my life," she says: "No living writer has made more mistakes." She is near the three-score years and ten.

SENATOR CONKLIN, of New York, when only twenty-one years of age, was elected District Attorney of Oneida county, N. Y., of which the city of Utica is capital, and in 1858 was elected to Congress. During the war he was elected by Secretary Stanton to manage certain very important Government legal business as a recognition of his rare abilities.

HON. E P. WALTON, of Montpelier, delivered the oration at the unveiling of the Chipman monument at Tinmouth. The Rutland *Herald* gives the following particulars concerning the life of its Hon. Daniel Chipman: Judge Chipman was born at Salisbury, Conn., November 25th, 1752; graduated at Yale College in 1777; served as a Lieutenant in the revolution, and located in Tinmouth in 1779. He was Judge of the Supreme Court for several years. Judge of the United States District Court from 1791 to 1796. Senator from Vermont for six years, from 1779 and Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in 1813 and 1814. He was the author of several treatises on legal subjects, and his reported opinions possess a clearness and directness that make them models of judicial writings.

THE ASSASSIN WADE.

November Sixth the Day Appointed for His Execution—On the Rampage.

We learn from the Williamsport *Gazette* that Governor Hartranft has designated Thursday, November 6th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., as the time for the execution of Nelson E. Wade, the fiendish murderer of John and Isabella M'Bride, on the 22d of July last. The warrant is in the usual form, and was received by the sheriff on Wednesday, and read to the condemned man Thursday evening about 4 o'clock. When the sheriff entered his cell he was accompanied by Deputy Blair, Chief Coder, officers Andrews and Platt.

Before the reading of the warrant, however, the new handcuffs, with an iron bar of 15 inches to separate them—which we spoke of on Wednesday last, and manufactured by John Van Horne—were placed upon his wrists and securely riveted. The bar of iron is designed to keep his hands apart and to prevent him from using them as little as possible. During the reading of the warrant, Wade listened with stoical indifference, and at the conclusion remarked that it was correct, and written on a nice piece of paper. He was then removed to another cell on the opposite side of the hall, and the chain which is attached to his iron collar securely fastened to the floor, when the officers withdrew and left him to ruminate over his fate.

ON THE RAMPAGE AGAIN.

The officers had scarcely left the cell of this desperate and hardened criminal, until he set about devising a plan to break his new handcuff, and making a few tremendous efforts soon succeeded. When discovered he was entirely free, excepting his iron collar, which, thus far, he has been unable to divest himself of. In a short time the sheriff returned with another pair of wristlets which he placed upon him, when Wade remarked that he would have them off before morning. And sure enough, he was found on the morning with his hands free. It is rather surprising that this man cannot be handcuffed, having already broken every pair, some six or seven, placed upon him.

—Matamoras information from Saltillo indicates that the General Government will not use military force at present to suppress the difficulties. Governor General Zegado and the federal authorities are trying to secure a reconciliation between the opposing factions and avoid a civil conflict.

A "Gush" Expansion.

The result of the annexation election in Boston, on Tuesday last, by which the adjoining towns of Charlestown, Brighton, and West Roxbury were added to the city, very materially increases the circumference of "The Hub." The original limits of Boston comprised but 690 acres. By adding in flats, 950 acres were added. South and East Boston were then absorbed, adding 1,700 more acres. After several years of hard struggling, Roxbury and Dorchester were annexed, contributing 6,900 more,—in all, 10,170 acres. The three towns now added comprise 8,930, so that the city now has an area of 19,100 acres. According to the last census, the population of Boston was 250,526. Charlestown adds 28,323, Brighton 4,967, and West Roxbury 7,685,—making the total population 291,999. The Hub now has plenty of room for expansion, and, as the only obstacle to its growth is removed, it can set out in its chase after Chicago, with her 30,000 acres and 400,000 people.

RUPTURE.

There are hundreds of people ruptured who don't know what ails them; there are others who don't know what to do for it, nor where to seek for relief or a cure; others again who have had rupture for years, under the false notion that there can be no danger in the future, as there has been none in the past. This is a fatal delusion, and there is no knowing what day the rupture may become strangulated, and call for a painful and dangerous surgical operation. To avoid so fearful a result, make application to some competent person to have a truss applied. Will a truss cure you, you may ask. Very often it will, but it will always retain the parts so as to make you secure and safe from danger, and at a cost so trifling as to be hardly worth mentioning when compared with the enormous risk you run in letting it alone. Dr. Keyser, at his office, 257 Liberty street, is provided with every appliance suitable to the retention and cure of this terrible evil. He has trusses at a price as low as can be obtained anywhere in the country, and in every variety and quality—of such vast variety, that the most difficult and long standing cases, of years duration, are made manageable and brought within the province of cure. Let no one despair themselves into the belief that rupture is never curable; but worst than all, let none consent to "let alone" cure.

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IRON AND WOOD WORKING
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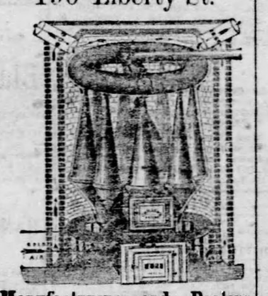
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

INSURANCE!
ÆTNA,
OF HARTFORD.
Capital, $3,000,000.
Losses Paid in 54 Years, - $19,000,000 00
Losses Paid in Past 16 Months, 9,000,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 1, 1873.
Cash in Hand and in Bank ..... $ 867,781 90
Mortgage Bonds and Real Estate Security 1,425,653 00
Bank Stock 1,237 050 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other Securities 2,310,978 96
Total $5 989,967 46
LOSSES ADJUSTED AND PAID BY
S. S. Carrier, Agt.,
No. 59 Fourth Avenue.
oct:16t

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
190 Liberty St.

Manufacturers and Dealers
IN THE
CHILSON
New Cone Furnaces
WELLMAN REFLECTOR
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
SLATE MANTELS.
ALSO
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, &c.
The Superiority of the Cone Furnace consists in its simplicity of construction, large amount of radiating surface, ease of management and economy in fuel, saving at least one-third of fuel over the ordinary Furnace.
THE WELLMAN REFLECTOR GRATE
Has an acknowledged reputation. For Cleanliness, Economy of Fuel and Heating Capacity it stands without a rival.
An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.

GETTYSBURG
KATALYSINE WATER—THE GREAT MEDICINE OF NATURE. Indorsed by the Highest Medical Authorities. Restores Muscular Power to the Paralytic, Youthful Vigor to the Aged, and Development to the Young at a Critical Period. Dissolves Calculi and "Gravel" Deposits. Cures Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Skin, Abdominal Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Constipation, Asthma, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, General Debility, and nearly every class of Chronic Diseases. Pamphlets containing 31 forty of the Spring and Testimonials from Medical Journals, Eminent Physicians and Distinguished Citizens sent FREE by mail, by WHELNEY BROS., General Agents, 227 South Front street, Philadelphia. For sale by all Druggists. aug:24 TF

Mackown, Thompson & Co.
Successors to W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
WHOLESALE
Drugs and Oils,
195 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
aug-TTHS

H. WARD,
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER
No. 269 Franklin Street, Allegheny.
Ask your Grocer for
WARDS' BREAD.

Prohibition County Ticket.

PRESIDENT JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS C. LAZEAR.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN H. BAILEY.
STATE SENATE,
JAMES McCANDLESS.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
SAMUEL GLASS.
Second City District,
A. N. McGONNIGLE.
County Districts,
D. J. ROGERS, Mansfield,
JONATHAN GALLAGHER, Allegheny,
THOMAS H. RAE, Allegheny,
THOS. P. HERSHBERGER, South Side.
FRANK PATTERSON, Elizabeth Tp.
PROTHONOTARY,
ANDREW HARPER, Richland Tp.
TREASURER,
W. W. GREER, Verona Borough.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
ISAAC MILLS, Sr., (3 yrs.,) Braddocks,
JOHN THOMPSON, (2 yrs.,) Sewickley.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPH BIRMINGHAM.
CORONER,
W. G. WARREN, Wilkinsburg.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
WILLIAMS ELLIOTT, Jefferson Tp.
oct:12

Independent Labor Ticket.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON.
STATE TREASURER,
FRANK M. HUTCHINSON.
COUNTY TICKET.
PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
THOS. C. LAZEAR.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN H. BAILEY.
SENATOR,
JOHN M. DAVIS.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
JOHN LANG.
Second City District,
GEORGE CLAY.
County Districts,
WM. D. WOOLSLAYER,
BENJ. ROGERS,
JAMES L. CLINE,
A. G. THOBURN,
GEO. H. HUGHES,
PROTHONOTARY,
JAMES RICHARDSON.
TREASURER,
SAMUEL KILGORE.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
ANDREW B. HAYDEN, 3 years,
JAS. G. MURRAY, 2 years,
JURY COMMISSIONER,
PETER O'HANLON.
CORONER,
JOHN L. WILLIAMS.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
SAMUEL STOUT.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1867.
ASSETS January 1, 1873. - $778,351 66.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. Mackenzie, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Berry, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, P. Hahn, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

SECRETS OF BEAUTY.

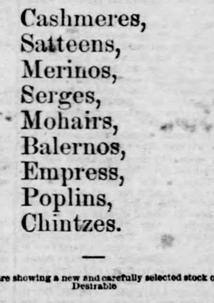
Beauty is a gift bestowed on woman, with which to gladden the eye and be it of him. Have not pure Then be careful of it, for whosoever has the happy boon Beauty may be in the hair, the eye, the hand—but woman is always lovely; and this may be preserved till quite old age with very little trouble; to a great extent it can be acquired, and it can always be improved. The secret is, keep the blood pure. Should pimples, boiches, or eruptions of any kind appear on the skin, avoid external applications; remember, the trouble is in the blood. Purify it then by using the SARSAPARILLA ROOT AND HERB JUICE, and be among the number of those who are asked where they get those rosy cheeks. Price, $1.25 per bottle, at

BROWNE'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. Penn avenue and Sixth (old St. Clair) street.

A Terrible Explosion.

A TERRIBLE EXPLOSION OF A POWDER MAGAZINE—FIVE PERSONS KILLED AND MANY INJURED.

A terrible explosion occurred at the powder magazine of Messrs. Hazard & Co., at Hazardville, Conn., on Saturday morning, by which five persons were killed and many injured. The magazine contained about 100 kegs of powder, and was situated on the bank of the Scantic river, about a mile from the village. The explosion was heard for miles around, and was followed by a fire which destroyed the magazine and a number of buildings in the vicinity. The following are the names of the killed: Mrs. Ann Hall, Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, Jr., Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, 3d, and Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, 4th. The latter was the wife of Mr. Hall, Jr., and was but a few days old. Mrs. Hall, Jr., was the wife of Mr. Hall, Jr., and was but a few days old. Mrs. Hall, 3d, was the wife of Mr. Hall, 3d, and was but a few days old. Mrs. Hall, 4th, was the wife of Mr. Hall, 4th, and was but a few days old. Mrs. Hall, Jr., was the wife of Mr. Hall, Jr., and was but a few days old. Mrs. Hall, 3d, was the wife of Mr. Hall, 3d, and was but a few days old. Mrs. Hall, 4th, was the wife of Mr. Hall, 4th, and was but a few days old.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
WM. SEMPLE
NEW, NEW, NEW
FINE DRESS GOODS.
NEW, NEW, NEW
BLACK SILKS,
From $1.00 to $4.00 per yard.
NEW, NEW, NEW
COLORED SILKS, new shades.
NEW, NEW, NEW
STRIPE SILKS,
Black Ground, all Colors Stripes.
NEW, NEW, NEW
BLACK DRESS GOODS, all prices.
NEW, NEW, NEW
WATERPROOFS,
All Colors, Superior Quality $1.00.
NEW, NEW, NEW
SHAWLS,
In Great Variety, at Very Low Prices.
NEW, NEW, NEW!
Housekeeping Goods, Blankets, Quilts, Comfortables, Sheetings, Tickings, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Oil Cloths, Carpets Window Shades, &c.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
No. 26 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, AND
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
Are now opening every day
New Dress Goods,
IN
Camel's Hair Fabrics,
Grey Pongees,
Grey Mohairs,
Grey Poplins,
Bronze Shades,
Of all kinds of
New Fall Fabrics.
New Satines,
New Cashmeres,
New Merinos,
New Poplins,
New Alpacas,
New Repps,
New Serges,
New Mohairs,
New Black Silks,
New Colored Silks,
New Mixed Goods,
New Suitings,
In every fabric at our usual
POPULAR PRICES.
Stock constantly replenished with all the novelties of the season.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny,
And 26 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
1873. FALL. 1873.
NEW GOODS
JUST OPENED
All the New Shades in
Cashmeres,
Satteens,
Merinos,
Serges,
Mohairs,
Balernos,
Empress,
Poplins,
Chintzes.
We are showing a new and carefully selected stock of Desirable
DRESS GOODS
In all the New Shades.
Also, a full line of
Black Goods,
In every desirable material,
AT LOW PRICES.
A CALL IS SOLICITED.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Cor. 4th Avenue and Market St.
H. J. LYNCH,
JUST RECEIVED
Serges, Camel's Hair Cloth and Poplins
In all the new autumn shades.
Cloth and Cashmere Sacques and Mantles,
Redingotes, Shawls and Blankets,
In great variety at
No. 96 Market Street.
CHANDALIERS,
Brackets, Drop Lights and

Gas Fixtures
Of every description. All the new styles and colors, white ale and coal. Also, GAS HEATING STOVES for heating bathrooms, offices, &c.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET,

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE'S
REAL BARGAINS!
6¼c, Dark Palm Leaf Comfort Prints.
6¼c, Small Figured Prints, new styles.
6¼c, Wide Linen Crash.
8c, New Styles Dark Prints.
9½c, Fine Bleached Shirting, long cloth.
10c, 4-4 Shirting Muslin.
10c, Wide Unbleached Sheeting and Shirting.
10c, Wide Chintz Prints for Comforts.
12½c, Full Styles Wide Cretonne Percales.
12½c, Dark Gray Goods, for Suits and Redingotes.
12½c, Kentucky Jeans.
12½c, Stripe Cotton Flannels.
12½c, Assorted Dress Goods.
12½c, Dark Illuminated Stripe Dress Goods.
18¾c, Wide Mixed Goods for Redingotes.
18¾c, Plaid Shirting Flannels.
25c, New Shades in Poplin Alpacas, heavy.
25c, Splendid quality Black Alpacas.
25c, Black Poplins, very cheap.
25c, Large Stock of Dress Goods, assorted.
25c, Barred Country Flannel, full width.
25c, Blue Gray Twilled Flannel.
37c, White and Colored Corsets.
75c, Corsets worth $1.25c.
75c per pound, Blue Gray Yarn.
Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
At their two Stores,
No. 26 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, AND
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
Are offering some special bargains in each Department.
Dark Prints,
At 6¼c, 8c, 10c and 12½c.
SHEETING MUSLINS,
4-4 at 10 and 12½c, 10-4 at 35 and 40c.
TABLE DAMASKS,
At 25c, 30c, 37½c, 50c and 75c.
Heavy Country Flannels,
At 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c.
Country Blankets,
Manufactured expressly for our sales, at very low prices.
New Ottoman Shawls,
At $2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 and 5.00, all good bargains.
CASSIMERES
For Men's and Boys' wear, at 50c, 60, 75c, 87½c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Many Good Bargains.
WATERPROOFS,
At 75c, 87c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Wholesale buyers can find some very good "jobs" in our wholesale department.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
And 26 Fifth avenue Pittsburgh.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
OUR FALL STOCK OF
Axminster,
Moquette,
Wilton,
Velvet,
Solid Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels,
Ingrain and
Common
Carpets in the most complete ever offered in this market. Styles and prices cannot fail to give satisfaction.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.
CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LOW PRICES.
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue
New Establishment.

Marbleized Slate Mantles,
FURNACES, RANGES, GRATES,
Having fitted up the above STORE for the manufacture and sale of FURNACES, RANGES, GRATES and MARBLEIZED MANTLES, I would respectfully call the attention of Architects, Builders, Heating and Sanitary Committees and the public in general, to our stock of goods, consisting of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTLES,
which are six times as strong as marble, will not stain or discolor by gas, smoke, oil or acids.
I am now manufacturing and offer for sale the most desirable patterns and best finished Mantles ever offered in this market.
Old's Patent Star Range,
WITH REVOLVING OVENS,
The best in the market.
Old's Utility Fire Grate,
The most powerful heating grate in use, burning the gas and smoke, and saving from forty to fifty per cent. of fuel.
The Ruby and Diamond Furnace
will be found a very great amount of radiating surface, and of simplicity of construction, ease of management, economy in fuel and durability, will commend itself to all who will examine it. It will heat your building with one-third less coal than the common furnaces now in use. The BEST FURNACES for Coke, Bituminous and Anthracite Coal.
We solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
JAMES OLD,
No. 122 Liberty street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
oct:7 TTHS
Hazard Powder Company's
SPORTING AND MINING POWDER.
I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and dealers by KEG or CAR LOAD.
At Low Prices.
SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.
ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin street,)
PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE
NEW, NEW, NEW
Germantown Yarns, Fancy Balmoral Yarns, Blue Gray Yarns.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Ladies' Knit Waists, Children's Knit Waists, Opera Flannel Sacques.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Millinery Goods of all kinds in full assortment.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Hats and Bonnets, the latest novelties.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Ribbons, Sash Ribbons, Hat and Bonnet Ribbons, Gross Grain Ribbons, all widths and colors.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Ruching, Leather and Velvet Belts, Fringes, Trimming Laces and Nets, Hamburg Flouncing, Edging and Inserting, Real and Imitation Hair Goods, Gloves and Hosiery.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Gents' Furnishing Goods, White Shirts, Colored Shirts, Wool and Merino Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Gloves, Hankfs, &c., &c.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
STOVES, RANGES, &c.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE
Parlor and Cook Stoves.
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Bright Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'
SAPOLIO
is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.
SAPOLIO
for Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.
SAPOLIO
for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.
SAPOLIO
cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the entire house, better than Soap. No stopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.
SAPOLIO
for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.
SAPOLIO
is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.
SAPOLIO
Polishes Brass and Copper utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.
SAPOLIO
for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.
SAPOLIO
removes Stains from Marble Mantles, Tables and Stationary, from Hard-finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.
SAPOLIO
removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woven fabrics.
There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.
HAND SAPOLIO
a new and wonderful effective toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.
HAND SAPOLIO
as an article

FINANCIAL.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,
Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.
CAPITAL, $400,000.
Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited.
Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.
A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. VARKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
jy2-d

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
And Safe Deposit Co.,
Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL, $250,000.
Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Bonds Purchased. Discounts daily.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.
ANDREW G. MCFARLANE, President.
SAML. A. McDOWELL, Vice President and Business Manager.
DIRECTORS.
Andrew G. McFarlane, Alex. Thompson, A. T. Bonsall, Wm. Lorimer, John G. Maccowell, Solicitor.
W. B. Logan, Jno. W. Haney, Wm. Irwin, Saml'l A. Long.

FORSALE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
STREET IMPROVEMENT
Seven Per Cent.
Penn Ave. Bonds
AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.
A. M. BARR,
143 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Foreign Exchange
Issued on all principal towns in Europe.
TICKETS ISSUED ON ALL
FIRST CLASS STEAMERS
From New York to Queenstown, Liverpool and return.
COLLECTIONS MADE
ON ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.
DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 14, 1873.

The condition of the local money market continues to improve with each successive day, and we shall be considerably disappointed if the announcement is made soon after the election that our banks are ready to resume their regular business. Those who have to borrow money still find it very scarce and difficult to procure at reasonable rates, and are anxiously awaiting the hour when the embargo shall be raised.

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Sat'y.	Monday.	Sold.
Gold	108½	108½	
U. S. 6s—1881—coupons	113¾	114	
5-20 1862	105¾	106	
5-20—1864	106¾	106¾	
" 1865	107	106¾	
" 1865 new	110¾	110¾	
" 1867	110¾	110¾	
" 1868—coupons	110¾	110¾	
10-40s	103¾	103¾	
10-40s'—coupons	104	103¾	
Currency 6's	120¾	120	
New 5 per cents	106¾	106¾	
RAILWAYS.			
New York Central	90¾	88½	
Erie	46¾	46	
R. H. & E.	1¾	1¾	
C. C. & I. C.	21¾	21¾	
St. Paul	31	29¾	
Do. preferred	55	55	
Michigan Southern	69¾	67¾	
Do. Central	73	70	
North Western Common	42¾	41¾	
Do. preferred	61	61¾	
Rock Island	90¾	88¾	
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	78	78¾	
Pacific Mail	32¾	31¾	
Western Union Telegraph	61¾	58	
Ohio & Mississippi	20¾	20	
Union Pacific	19¾	18¾	
Toledo & Wabash	45¾	42¾	
Fort Wayne	114	110¾	
Chicago and Alton	90¾	83	
Adams Express	93	93	
American Express	55¾	55	
U. S. Express	74¾	74¾	
W., Fargo & Co. Express	96	96	
C. C.	98	95	
Hannibal & St. Jo.	21	21	
Do. Preferred	37	37	

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of netlive stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board today: There is a much better feeling

	Sat'y.	Monday.	Sold.
Penna. Central	48¾	47¾	
Reading	52¾	51	
United Cos. of N. J.	115	114¾	
Cam. & Amb.	18	18	
Lehigh Valley	57	56	
Philadelphia & Erie	16	16½	
Pittsburgh	72	71	
Allegheny Valley 7-30	90	90	
Central Transportation	43¾	44	
Empire Transportation	32	32	

Highest for gold to-day 108¾; lowest 108¾.
NEW YORK, October 13, 1873.

The money market worked closer to day. At one time loans were as high as 3-16 per diem, but the bulk of the business was at 1 16@¼. Greenbacks are still quoted ¼@½ premium, notwithstanding the express companies report more liberal receipts of currency to-day than for a long time past. discounts are quoted at 12 to 24 per cent. At a meeting of the Clearing House Association a resolution was passed to the effect that the time for the redemption of loan certificates, originally fixed for November 1st, shall remain open. A report has also received and adopted in the matter of the Bank of the Commonwealth, which report confirmed the exhibit of the affairs of the bank as made by the Receiver to the Loan Committee. The bank officers report no material change in the condition of the banks to-day. Sterling was firm at 106¾@ 106¾ for sixty days and 107¼@107¾ for sight. Commercial bills ranged at 104¾ to 105¾. Customs receipts, $409 000. Gold was stronger, advancing from 108¾ to 108¾, closing at 108¾. Loans were from 3 to 7 per cent. for carrying, and flat for borrowing. The final rate was 3 for carrying. Clearings $32 000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $155,000, of which $100 000 were received at the Assay Office to-day, making the total to date $397,000. Government bonds were less active than usual early in the day, but prices advanced in late deal ngs under an improved demand and an advance in gold. State bonds were nominal.

Stocks opened steady. As the day advanced they became moderately active and firm, but later declined. After twelve o'clock a majority of the list was quiet. Late in the afternoon the market was active and irregular, and fluctuations were rapid. At the close prices had declined to the lowest point of the day. The chief drive was against Vanderbilt shares, which were forced down several point's. The decline was assisted by the bu rupty proceedings taken against Daniel Drew and the decision of Judge Blatchford modifying the injunct on in the Grinnell cases so far as Blake Brothers & Co. are concerned, allowing them, under certain restrictions, to sell the securities held by them as collaterals for money loaned to G. R. Grinnell & Co. Stocks closed weak at the lowest point of the day.

The President of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway has notified the Stock Exchange that the company has increased their stock $1,460,000 and a newly acquired road.

The *Express* says: It was reported on the street this afternoon that Secretary Richardson had either resigned or been requested to hand in his resignation. Colonel Dan Sickles was mentioned as the probable future secretary.

Government.—U. s. coupons of 1881, 114¾; 5-20's of '62, 106¾; do '64, 106¾; do '65, 106¾; new 5s, new, 110¾; do '67, 111¾; do '68, 110¾; new 5s, 106¾; 10-40s, 103¾; currency 6s, 119.

State Bonds.—Tennessee's bills 64; Missouri 87¾; Tennessee new, 70¾; old, 70¾; Virginia new, 40; do old, 38; do coupons, 39; do new, 15¾.

Stocks.—Canton, 67; Western Union Telegraph Coup ns, 58; Quicksilver, 19¾; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 27; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 98; American Express, 54; United States Express, 73; Pacific Mail, 33¾; New York Central, 90; Erie, 46¾; do preferred, 67; Hudson, 109¾; do preferred, 118; Reading, 52¾; Fort Wayne, 114; Michigan Central, 70; Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, 78¾; Northwestern, 40; do preferred, 62; Rock Island 89¾; New Jersey Central, 93; Illinois Central, 96; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 78; Chicago & Alton, 90; do preferred, 95; Terre Haute, 45; do preferred, 75; Fort Wayne, 85; Toledo & Wabash, 45; Chicago & Alton, 90; do preferred, 95; Ohio & Mississippi, 20¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 98; Illinois Central, 95; Lake Shore, 80¾; Indiana, 79; Illinois Central, 95; Union Pacific, 18¾; Central Pacific, 90; Dubuque, 73; Hannibal & St. Joe, 21; Delaware & Lackawanna, 81¾.

LONDON, October 13—5 P. M.—The rate of discount in open market for three months is 3-16 per cent. below the Bank of England rate. Consols for money, 92¾@93¼; account, 93¾; 5-20's of '62, 89¼; 10-40's, 86¾; Erie, 19¾; Illinois Central, 89¾.

PARIS, October 12.—Rentes, 57f., 65c.

FRANKFORT, October 13.—U. S. bonds: 5-20s of '62, 97¾.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The trade movement was quiet to day, but no increased number of buyers from Western and near-by States are in the market, and no early improvement is anticipated. Cotton goods are steady, and as a class, initiated are running on short time, causing a slight limit in first hands. Cotton flannels and hosiery are still in short supply. Prints are scarce and high. Woolen goods are in good repute and are in fair request. Woolen goods are inactive. Shawls are quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, October 13, 1873.

ASHES—Trade continues very quiet and no improvement can be expected until the winter business fairly sets in. Pearls, Common Soda, 4½; Refined do, 5½@6; Nitrals do, 4½@5. Pearls, 8; Pots, 9. Arsenic 5½. Manganese, 6½. Black Lead, 5; Borax, refined, 25.

APPLES—The receipts since the date of our last weekly report have been large, and with stocks steadily accumulating, and holders nearly all anxious to realize, prices are weak and drooping; may be quoted at $1.50@2.50 ₱ brl. for fair to prime, and $3 for choice.

ALE—The market is quiet, but there is a firmer feeling in sympathy with the increased cost of Barley, which is much higher than it has been for several years. The probability is that Ale will be advanced; indeed, manufacturers will be obliged to do it, unless there is a very material decline in Barley, which is not probable, as the crop is now known and conceded to be below an average.

BUTTER—We have to report increased receipts, and the demand for fine has increased also, as the demand for the better grades keeps well up to the supply and prices are still pretty well sustained. Common and low grade butter, however, is dull, and the supply is accumulating. Common to medium solid packed, 10@12 cents; prime, 20@25; prime to choice roll, 25@28; fancy brands, 30—this latter is considered an outside quotation.

BEANS—Are coming in more freely and the supply is accumulating; but prices are still sustained, ranging from $2.30@3 ₱ bushel, according to quality.

BEESWAX—Dull; 30@32 ₱ ₱.

BAGGING—Penn mill two bushel bags, 35c; two and one-half bushel, 42; three bushel, 50.

BROOMS—Following are the best factory prices: No. 2, $2 per dozen; No. 3, $2.50; No. 4, $3; No. 5, $3.75; No. 6, $4.25. Carpet Brooms, $4. Toy Brooms and Whisps, $1.50@2. Discount 5 per cent. off from store, 25 to 37½c per dozen additional.

BROOM CORN—There is an average consumptive demand, but there has been a very second change in prices; we continue to quote choice green hurl as be good to prime, 8@8; fair 7@7½; red and rechipped, 5@6.

CARBON OIL—The jobbing trade continues comparatively light; there has been scarcely any western orders this year, but in sympathy with the raw material, there is a firmer feeling, and prices are fully sustained; we continue to quote standard brands at 13c by the car load, and 22c additional for smaller lots.

CHEESE—Receipts have been increasing within the past few days, but with the advent of cool weather, a steady demand, and no accumulation of stock, prices are fully sustained; prime Ohio Factory, August make, 13@13¾ to the trade, and 15@16 in a jobbing way—there is little or no September cheese in market as yet. Prime Ohio Sweitzer, 17@18.

CHESTNUTS—As we predicted, the arrivals are rapidly increasing and we continue in consequence to steadily receding; we reduce our quotations to $5@6 ₱ bushel.

CRANBERRIES—Are in fair supply with sales $10@12 per brl, for Jerseys, and $ 7@8 for Cape Cods.

CANNED GOODS—Continue quiet and devoid of anything particularly new or important, excepting that the Canners' Association have established a very fair basis of rates, and notwithstanding the receipts were unusually large, prices have been pretty well sustained. The demand for Wheat continues meagre; the mills here are buying sparingly, and country orders are still coming scarce, however, the offerings for some time past have been small, and prices are not quite so much lower. We continue to quote at $1.47@1.50 for red winter; amber, $1.52@1.55; white, $1.58@ 1.65. Millers, in view of the almost impossibility of transporting collections, are disposed to curtail their sales, and consequently they are not consuming as much wheat as usual. The Oat market is reported steady, with a demand fully up to the supply, and prices are fully sustained; we continue to quote at 45@48 by the carload, according to qualities. There has been a slight increase in the receipts of Corn recently, and hence, there is an easier feeling, 48h ars prices are steady at 46@50. Now that the wea ther is cooler, an increased demand is anticipated, but there is nothing in the situation just now to warrant any appreciation in the other hand. Is it likely, if the reports in regard to the crop being so much below an average are correct, that prices will go any lower, the trade would seem to be much inquiry for Rye, but the receipts continue light, and consequently there is no quotable change in prices. Receipts of Barley are light, but it was mostly consigned to and owned by our brewers, having principally been bought by them in the west, mainly at Chicago; there is very little Barley coming here except what is owned by consumers—here and there a few cars grown in this section of the country this year. No 2 Chicago spring cannot be had down here under $1.35@1.40, while No. 1 is quotable at $1.38 @1.40

GROCERIES—Trade has been dull during the past week and will continue so until money commences to work easier and collections can be made. Coffee continues weak and prices are drooping. Sugars are also dull and weak, and we have again reduced our quotations on refined goods. Syrups continue very dull, and the tendency is still toward lower rates. The stock of choice New Orleans molasses is pretty well reduced, however, and prices are sustained. It is financial troubles that caused the break in both Coffee and Sugars.

CANDLES—Mould candles, 12c; Stearine, 18. Star do., 20.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1.10@1.25; prime, $1@1.05; good, 90@95c; low grades, 75@85; good, 60@70c. Oolongs have a wide range, and may be quoted from 40 to $1.

BAKING POWDER—Hunnes's, ¼ ₱ cans, $1.50 ₱ doz.; ½ do, $3.25. Royal, ¼ ₱ cans, $1.65; ½ do, $3 ₱ dozen.

DAY MILLS—Per keg, $4.50; per barrel, $8.50. Pearl Barley, Nos. 3 and 4, 6¾c ₱ ₱.

SPICES—There has been an advance recently in the price of some of these goods. We quote Pepper 30 cents; Grain Allspice, 20c; whole Cloves, 45c; Cassia, 30c; Nutmegs, $1.35; Ground spices in 4 pound cans, Mustard, 25c; Allspice, 20c; Cinnamon, 60c; Ginger, 25c; Cloves, 45c; Cayenne Pepper, 35c; White Pepper, 60c.

SOAPS—Babbitt's cents, 9c; Bell's Buffalo Soap, $6.75 per box; Procter & Gamble's German, 7½; Extra wax, 7c; Superior, 6c; Woman's Friend, 5½; Satisfaction, 5c; Sublime, 5c.

SUNDRIES—Turkey Prunes, 15 cents; Currants, 8@9c; Layer Raisins, $2.25 ₱ box; Valencia Raisins, 11 to 14c ₱ ₱; Wine Vinegar, imported, 25c; Cider Vinegar, 18 to 20c; Shot, $3.00. Penna Concentrated Lye, $4.00; Wheeling Tobies, $10.50; Seymour's 4 Dimpled Corn Starch; Silver and Satin, 10; Buffalo Glass Starch, 9; Pearl, Starch, 5.

OILS—Crude, Pa., 20@22; good to prime 31½@32c; fair, 32@34c. Bos tedone lb. packages 36c; loose, 2½.

NAILS—Patent Cut Load, 12½c; Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 12. Standard A, 11; B, 10½; C, 10; 10½; Franklin, Ex. C, 10¾; Lower Yellow Sugar, 9@10.

SYRUPS—Extra White Drips, 80c; Sugar Drips, 48c; Amber, 35@70; lower grades, 27@30, as to quality.

RICE—Carolina Choice, 9¾; Patna, 8¾; Rangoon, 8.

MOLASSES—Choice Fr w Orleans, 1@82c; Prime 78 to 75.

HONEY—Is selling at 22@24 per ₱.

HEMP—Rough Kentucky, $130 per ton; double dressed, 10c ₱ ₱; single dressed, 9½c; double dressed in rits, 9@9½c ₱ ₱.

HAY—The market for baled continues dull, and notwithstanding the arrivals have been by no means large, the supply in store is large and increasing, prices have declined, and we now quote at 18@20 ₱ ton, according to quality. Loose is selling from country wagons at prices ranging from $22@28.

HIDES—Following are the ruling quotations: Green Salted Steer Hides, 11. Green Salted Mixed, 10@11. Green Salted Cow, 10@11c. Green Salted Bull or Stag, 8@9. Green Butcher cows, 9@9c. Green butcher bull hides, 6; Green Salted Kip, 10@13. Green Salted Calf each, 15@@2.10 Green Buenos Ayres and Cape hides as quoted at 22 coats.

LEATHER—Following are the current rates for the various descriptions: Oak Sole, heavy, 39@42 Oak Sole, med and light, 35@39 Oak Sole, Spanish, 39@42; Red Sole, B. A. heavy and med, 31 @33; Red Sole, Buenos Ayres, 30@32; Hemlock Sole, 30@33; Slaughter, 42@45 Shoe Skirting, trimmed and sold at original weight, 43 Rough Oak, Leather, 35@36. No. 1 Pad Skins, per dozen, $7.50@8. Harness best city, pure oak, 41 @43; Harness, best country, 39@41. Harness, Ordinary oak, 35@37. Fair Skirting, 40@46. Fair Bridle, per dozen, $90@96. Buck bridle, per dozen, $60@70. Hand Leather, per lb., 50@61. Finished calf, country, $1.10@1.30; French Calf, 1.90@2.30. French Calf, imitation, 1.50@1.65. Wax upper, per dozen, $30@37. Wax Kip, per pound, 50@51.

LUMBER—Following are the yard prices: Unplaned lumber—Clear 6 per M, first common $55, second common, 30. third, $27 sheeting, $22. Hemlock, joist and scantling, $20. Pine frame lumber, $25. Planed lumber, first common, $30. Clear, 70. Flooring boards, $35. partition do, $45 shelving, on both sides, $35; on one side, $33. Molded weather boarding, $37. common, $30. patent planed do, $25. ½ inch unplan Ceiling, $20 inch vertical, $25. Oak and Yellow Pine Flooring, $45. Moulded battens, 25 cents. No. 1 18 inch sawed Shingles, per M, $6.50. No. 2 18 inch do, $5. Palings, per hundred lineal feet, $5. Lath, $4.50.

POTATOES—We can report fair receipts, but with a steady demand, many storekeepers and consumers are now laying in their winters supply, there has been no accumulation, and prices are fully sustained. Sales, by the carload at 70@ 75 ₱ bushel for fair to prime mixed, and 80@85 for prime, Peach Blows. Sweets in steady demand, and selling at $3.50@4.50 ₱ brl. the outside figure for Jerseys.

ONIONS—Continue to come in pretty freely, and the supply is increasing, but prices are still maintained, ranging from $4@4.50 ₱ brl.

OIL—Linseed Oil quotable at $1@1.05 ₱ gallon. Lard Oil is firmer but unchanged at 70@72 for No. 1 extra. Coal Oil, $1.50@2 Rank, 60c. Straits Tar, Whale, $1.25@1.30. Sperm, 2.50@2.75. Spirits of turpentine, 52@53c.

PEA NUTS—There is a fair demand, but no change to note in prices—82@ cents per pound, in a jobbing way, the outside figure for choice white Tennessee nuts.

PAINTS—Following are the current rates Brandon Yellow, 2½ cents. Blue Prussian, 3@3c. Blue Ultramarine, 20@45c. Green Chrome, 16@18. Green Paris, 20@30c. Green Verditer, 30c. Lamp Black, Gerpastown, 12@15c. White Sealskin Brown, 1½@2c. Vegetian Red American, 2@2½c. Venetian Red, English, 3½@4½c.

POULTRY—Live chickens are reported dull, the demand being very light. Dressed, however, remains about as last quoted, ranging from 8@9 the coop, 10@ ₱ per pair, according to size.

PEARS—$1.75@2 ₱ bushel.

PROVISIONS—Extra Sugar cured Hams, 12 lbs., 12½c. Sugar Cured Shoulders, 11. Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, 12½c. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 16½. Beef tongues, $7.50 ₱ dozen. Bacon Shoulders, per lb., 9½c. Bacon Rib Sides, 10½c. Bacon Short Rib Sides 11c. Bacon Clear Rib Sides, 11½c. Mess Pork, $17.50 per barrel. Rendered Lard for summer use, in tres, 9¾. Do, kail bbls, 10½c. Do, kits 11c. Do, in ½ lb. caddies, 12½c. Do in 5 lb. 12½c. do. in 2 lb. pails 13c; 3 ₱ pound. In 6 lb. pails, 13. Do in 5 lb. pails, 13¾. Lard Oil, Extra, $1.25 ₱ gallon.

RAGS—Quoted at 2½@3½c.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60 ₱ brl. by the car load, and $1.85 in a jobbing way.

SEEDS—Flax Seed is unchanged at $1.90. No movement in either Clover or Timothy.

TALLOW—Quoted at 7½@8 ₱ ₱.

WHISKY—The market for Highwines continues steady, and prices have undergone but little change, $1@1.03 gallon.

WHITE LEAD—The demand has shacked up somewhat, but prices have undergone no change whatever. We continue to quote straight 100 keg lots, at 12 cents and 12¼ cents in a jobbing way. In tin packages, one half to one cent ₱ lb additional.

WINDOW GLASS—While there is no perceptible improvement to note in the demand, there is the fact that the prices of the leading brands remain firm, and stocks are gradually being reduced, a firmer feeling, and the result is some of our manufacturers are refusing to accept orders at former rates. Our manufacturers nearly all experience difficulty in filling orders, as they are out of many of the different sizes, and the consequence is they are buying and borrowing from one another. Discounts may be quoted at 10 and 10 for cash off from the list of regular list, which will be found below annexed.

PER BOX OF FIFTY FEET.			
	Single Strength.	Double Strength.	
	3d Qu'ty	1st Qu'ty	
6x 8 to 7x 9		5 75	8 40
7x 10 to 8x 10	6 00	6 75	10 00
8x 11 to 10 x 15	6 50	7 25	9 00
8x 12 to 10 x 15	7 25	8 00	10 00
11 x 14 to 12 x 18		8 75	12 00
14 x 16 to 16 x 20		9 25	11 00
14 x 22 to 16 x 24		10 00	14 00
18 x 22 to 18 x 30		11 00	18 00
20 x 28 to 24 x 30		13 00	20 00
28 x 28 to 24 x 32		14 00	21 00
22 x 34 to 26 x 40		15 00	24 00
30 x 36 to 32 x 44		16 00	26 00
30 x 38 to 32 x 46		17 00	28 00
30 x 46 to 30 x 48		18 00	30 00
36 x 50 to 32 x 56			30 00
30 x 54 to 34 x 56			36 00
42 x 38 to 34 x 60			42 00
55 x 60 to 50 x 60			45 00

WOODEN WARE—Two hoop Pails, $2.33; three hoop do, $2.60. No. 1 three hoop Tubs, $10.50. No. 2, two hoop Tubs, $9.00. No. 3, two hoop tubs, $8.00. Plain Wash boards, per dozen, $2.75 Crimp, $3.50; IXL, 3.50.

WOOL—Since the beginning of the panic business has been greatly reduced, but reports from the eastern markets on Saturday last indicate a better feeling, with an increased demand. Quotations to-day by telegraph are unchanged from those made for cash were at considerable discount from prices that prevailed before the panic, but sales on time were no lower than for cash sales. We note a better demand and more activity in the dry goods trade and expect to see the wool trade moving actively in a short time. There is yet a larger amount of the clip in the hands of the growers, and since the panic commenced, many are anxious to sell, but we do not expect any orders will be given to the country agents to purchase until financial matters are fully restored. We quote prices nominally at from 32c to 45c, according to quality and condition.

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ALLEGHENY STOCK YARDS, MONDAY, October 13, 1873.

CATTLE

There were 31 cars of western cattle on sale to day as follows: M.C. Gibson, Bloomville, 1 car. Moonshine & Hunter, Chicago, 2 Marks & K. 1. Greenwald & K., 1. Jacob Shamberg, 2. H. Snyder, Perryville, 1. Head & Trimble, 1. I. Nichols, 1. J. W. C. Thrasher, 1. Jones & Co., 1. Smith, Warsaw, 1. W. Wertz, Alliance, 1. J. J. Wallace, Loudonville, 1. Hufty & McClain, Orrville, 1. J. Jones, Indianapolis, 2. H. Fry, 1. Barment, 1. A. Vice, 1. A. Springer, 1. C. Bigner, 1. D. W. Davis, Bellaire, 1. S. Rowley, 1. A. M. Dickson, 1. J. & S. Neely, 1. Deery & M Kaufman, Washington Co, 15. Isaac Zeigler, 20. Keefer & Lobman, 20. Jacob Shamberg, 16. Rothchilds & Haas, 16. Farlen & Lewenthal, 22. M. Kraus, 24. D. Boyle, 15. Orr & Williams, 14. S. Marks & Bro, 26. Lowenstelne & Arnold, 30. James Hanlin, 15. John Beeler, Butler County, 15. Adam Ecker, 13. S. Wanderer, 10. Thomas Bingham, Lawrence Co, 35. L. Keefer, 11. Keefer, 16. John F. Neeley, Beaver Co, 8. John Zimmers, 30 Davis & Rush, Green Co, 30. Lowenstelne & Arnold, 27. Kestner & Metz, 45. M. Varner, 60. P. Hartman, 40.

The number on sale footed up about 1,250 head, of which 31 cars, or counting 20 to the car, 620 head, were from the west, while the balance were driven in from the adjoining counties, in excess of 400 head, as compared with this day week. With this heavy supply, the market for common stock, which constituted about three-fourths of the entire supply, opened tame, dragged all the way through, and closed with quite a number unsold, and, as a matter of fact, prices ruled lower. Strictly prime and medium to good butcher cattle sold without much difficulty at last week's rates, but all other grades, in consequence of an oversupply, ruled lower and were very dull. Several dealers had cattle left over, but considering the fact that the market was no worse than could have been expected, and that butchers generally were in pretty fresh, talking, we presume, one thousand head, if not more, and as we have already stated full prices were not realized, we quote, after Simon Marks, considered good authority, reported that there was no difficulty in disposing of the kind just referred to, at the prices Jacob Shamberg and Charles Marks made similar reports, and they all agreed in reporting a hard market for common stock. The probability is that there will be an increased demand from this on until the close of the year, as there is always an increased consumption of beef, and butchers are forced to acknowledge, notwithstanding business generally has been considerably curtailed by the stringency in money matters, that they have a very handsome margin.

The very best butcher steers averaging say from 1,250@1,400, brought from 6¼@7 cts; prime 1,100@1,200 quotable at 5½@6; slippery stock, such as is usually brought in from Washington and Greene counties, ranged from 3½@5¾, according to quality, and it was this kind with which the market was overstocked. Bulls were in rather better supply than usual, and the market was dull, although prices were without quotable change, ranging from 2@3 cts. Fresh Cows, of good quality and good milkers, were in light supply and may be quoted at from $50 to $90.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The number on sale was about the same as last Monday, footing up one thousand head; the supply during the past few weeks has been growing less and less, and the same seems to be true of the demand. Since the advent of cool weather, butchers, or at least many of them have commenced buying more again, and this consequence is, they don't want so many sheep, hence the supply to day was somewhat in excess of the demand, as there were still over a hundred unsold at noon. Prices, as compared with last Monday, were without quotable change. Sheep may be quoted at 4½@5¼ per lb, as to quality or choice: there was one bunch of 80 head, averaging about 100 lbs, sold at 5¾. Lambs ranged from 6@6¾ per head for common to good, and 7¾@8¾ for prime to extra.

Following are the names of the parties who had sheep and lambs on sale to-day: Gethers & Erb, Butler co., 72. Henry Nagle, 42. I. C. McNeese, 222. Joseph Stakely, 69 Jacob Keefe, Lawrence co., 85. James Shaw, 100. Mart Humes, Beaver co., 170. John Fairley, Armstrong co., 119. James Haworth, Beaver co., 72. George Surfeer, Washington co., 16. J. W. Stewart, Green co., 60.

HOGS.

Were in very fair supply, as in addition to what the regular dealers had there were several outside lots; however, with a demand steadily increasing, the market was fairly active, and notwithstanding the sharp decline at Bast Liberty, prices were pretty well sustained, ranging from 4¾@5¾.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, October 13, 1873.

Trade is still reported in a very healthy condition, and while other branches of business are weakened and crippled in consequence of the monetary troubles, Petroleum has to use a common phrase, got upon its feet again, and is fully as brisk, and, if anything, bringing better prices than it did prior to the commencement of the money panic. Crude is steady with sales at $1.05@1.10 ₱ bri. at Parker, equal to about 4½c ₱ gallon delivered here. Refined is firm, with a good healthy export trade, and refiners are all busy, running to their full capacity. We continue to quote at 20, 21½ on spot, delivered in Philadelphia; 16 for November, and 13½@13¾ on cars here.

The barrel market continues somewhat excited and unsettled, and it is difficult to give quotations; sales of city made were reported at $2.30, but some of the coopers are holding at $2.40. Very few countries in market, quotable at $2.20@2.25.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. & WEST PENNA R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart & Frew	Worden, Frew & Co	200
H. S. A. Stewart	G. W. White	54
H. S. A. Stewart	Waring Bros. & Co	176
J. A. McKee & Son	Waring, H. & Co.	90
Standard Oil Co.	Warden, F. & Co	416
Livingston Bros.	Warden F. & Co.	831
Central Ref Co.	John P. Logan	1061
Total		3,765

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Cotton easy at 17¾c. Flour dull and lower; sparingly so; sales of State $5.65 @6.00; white wheat extra $6.05@7.50; double extra $7.00@ 7.50. Wheat 1 lower at 1@2c. with little business; No 2 spring $1 32@1.36; No 3 do $1.30 @1.31; No 1 do $1.40; No 2 Milwaukee $1 40@1.40½; No 2 do $1.4?. Rye quiet at 90@96c. Barley and Malt unchanged. Corn 1@2c lower; sales of 60,000 bushels at 54@56c. Oats steady; new western mixed 36@ 38c; white 39@43c. Eggs steady at 23@26c. Hay firm at 41@ Hops dull. Coffee dull at 19@22c. Sugars steady. Molasses and 1 quiet. Petroleum dull and nominal; crude 9½c; refined 21c. Tallow quiet at 8½. Pork dull at $16.50. Beef and Cut Meats unchanged. Middling dull and a shade easier; lone clear spot 8½@ 8¾c; also 1 shipt'g. Lard steady; 200 tierces steam spot, 9½c. Butter steady; fair to prime western in tubs at 22@26c. Cheese quiet and steady.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—Flour in only local demand; extra 6@6 25; double extra $6.50; treble $7.25 @8.00; family $8.25@8.75. Corn meal $3.50@3.60. Corn 2@3c lower. Bran—sales in store at $1.00. Hay scarce; prime $1.25@1.30. Oats 2@3c lower; mixed 50 on nominal at 48. Pork—sales 300 bbls at $17.50@18. Bacon nominal at 8¾. Lard—tierces 8½@8¾c. Rye 10@12c. Sugar—sales 1,000 hhds; fair to prime 7½@8½c. Molasses—sales 500 barrels at 37c. Whisky dull; 1 distillers' 98c; Cincinnati 91@92. Coffee 20@22½c. Corn meal scarce at $3.60. Cotton dull; sales of 415 bales; market unsettled and prices lower; good ordinary to strict good ordinary, 16@16¾c; low middling to fair middling 17@17½c; middling to good middling 18 @18½c; receipts 1,414 bales; coastwise 1,000 bales; stock 36,000; total week's receipts will probably be 20,000.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Cotton weak at 17¾c. Flour quiet at $5@7.10. Wheat easier at $1.37@1.40. Corn quiet at 51c. Rye and Barley firm, but unchanged. Oats quiet at 32@36c. Provisions quiet. Pork quiet and held at $15. Lard quiet; 7¾@8½c. Bulk Meats quiet; shoulders 7½c; clear rib sides 9½c; clear 9½c. Bacon irregular; shoulders 8½@8½c; clear rib sides 9½c; clear 9¾@10c. Whisky irregular; sales at 96c.

LIVERPOOL, October 13.—Cotton steady; middling upland 9½@9¾d; Orleans 9¾@9¾d; sales of 12,000 bales; American 3,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales. Red winter wheat 10s 10d@11s. Flour 28s@30s. Corn 25s 6d@26s. Pork 77s. Lard 51s 9d. Cumberland middles 28s 6d; short rib middles 4s.

ANTWERP, October 13.—Refined petroleum 41f.

CHICAGO, October 13.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat irregular; No 1 spring $1.05@1.06; No 2 $1.01@1.02; No 3 do. Corn steady and in moderate demand at 35@35½c. Oats dull at 23@23½c. Rye steady at 66c. Barley dull; No 2 $1.30@1.35. Pork $14.75@ 14.80. Lard steady at 7½@7¾c. Bacon—shoulders 6½@6¾c; clear sides 8¾@8¾c. Whisky firm at 91c.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—Cotton nominally lower at 16½c. Flour and wheat dull and unchanged. Corn steady at 42@43c. Oats firmer at 32c. Barley firm; No 2 $1.10@1.11. Pork dull at $16. Bacon firm; shoulders 6½@6¾c; clear rib sides 8½@8¾c; clear 8¾@8¾c. Lard unchanged.

MILWAUKEE, October 13.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1.11½; No 2 $1.06¼. Oats dull and lower; No 2 32c. Corn dull and dec! ned; No 2 mixed 42½c. Rye steady with a moderate demand; No 1 65½c. Barley: demand fair and market firm; No 2 $1.32.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat and Corn dull and nominally unchanged. Oats quiet at 39@43c. Rye steady. Provisions heavy. Pork $17@17.37½. Bulk shoulders 6¾@7¾; clear rib sides 8¾c. Lard 9½@9¾c. Whisky weak and demoralized at 95@96c.

NASHVILLE, October 13.—Cotton dull at 16½@ 16¾c. Flour quiet at $5.75@6.50. Wheat $1.25@1.40.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about stationary yesterday, with 25 inches in the channel. Weather clear and cold; prospects for water continue very remote. River men are anxious for a rise, the resumption of navigation, and it is earnestly hoped that they will not have to wait much longer, although as a threat stated in the Indianapolis Sentinel of this writing are not very encouraging.

Walter writes from Calro: The Palmetto roosts at the foot of Cumberland Island but coal barged by very little trouble. Colonel Bryson says by dexterously and at no expense to the current of the river toward her. It ought to be completed in a few days, and is destined to be a substantial thing. The gap at Cumberland Islands is almost entirely closed. The work will be completed in a few days, and is destined to be a substantial thing. The gap at Cumberland Islands is almost entirely closed. The work will be completed in a few days, and is destined to be a substantial thing. The river cannot wash out. Col. Bryson was here yesterday, plotting against the peace of Bacon Rock, but finds it hard to get piece of Bacon Rock, but finds it hard to get piece of the monster. He intends to move it by force, by some plan, before long, and trust to luck.

The following steamers comprise the Cincinnati and New Orleans Packet Line: Thomas Scorleon, Captain Henry C. Hart. Chas. Rodmann, Captain Oliver P. Shields.

HOME NEWS.

For Sale.

A good route on the DAILY GAZETTE of 250 subscribers, for $225 cash. To an active man this will be a good chance to make good wages on a small investment. Apply at the Counting Room, GAZETTE office to-day.

Dispute About a Horse.

Yesterday Messrs. Burns, O'Neil & Reilly entered suit in subpœna in the Prothonotary's office against Messrs. Straits & Richardson, to obtain a horse, sold by defendants, and which the plaintiffs claim as their own. The animal is valued at $150.

Negley's Run.

PITTSBURGH, October 13, 1873.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

Please return my heartfelt thanks to my many friends who attended the funeral of my late daughter on Sabbath last, and other.

Yours, &c., ANTON WOLF.

A Pittsburgher Found Dead in St. Louis.

A telegraphic dispatch was received here last night announcing the finding of the dead body of a former Pittsburgher in St. Louis. The body was discovered in a tunnel at the intersection of two streets, and it is supposed that the man accidentally fell in, as there was no calling to prevent such an accident. From papers found it is thought that the deceased was a machinist, named William Saville, who was at one time foreman of the Heron Works in this city.

A Vacancy Filled.

Intelligence was received in the city last night to the effect that the Hon. James P. Barr, of the *Post*, this city, had been elected a member of the Constitutional Convention to fill the vacancy occasioned by the retirement of Judge Black. Mr. Barr proposes to accept, and was the recipient of many congratulations last night from his friends—the compliment of an election being enhanced from the fact that he is selected as a delegate at large by his Democratic acquaintances and succeeds such a man as Judge Black.

Why is It?

For days some of our citizens have been working hard to raise a few thousand dollars for the relief of Memphis and other cities afflicted with yellow fever, and have raised between two and three thousand dollars. Yesterday at noon a dispatch came to the city, that among the destitute of Memphis are many Jews. At once the ladies started a new subscription paper, and at four o'clock in the afternoon, the gentlemen who had charge of it, had raised over nine hundred dollars, and expected it to reach at least three thousand dollars and will send it off by express to-day.

Criminal Carelessness.

A gentleman was yesterday passing along Penn Avenue, a short distance above Eleventh street, where there is a three story brick house in course of erection. There being no covering to protect passers by from falling bricks, a part of a brick fell from the top of the house and hit on the foot of our informant causing him to limp considerably. With a little trouble and a trifling expense a covering could be erected which would prevent such accidents in the future. Had the brick hat struck the pedestrian's head instead of his foot the consequence would doubtless have been serious.

Opened up Again.

Yesterday morning the depositors of the Lawrence Savings Bank were agreeably surprised to find the bank open and ready for business. The bank suspended on the twenty-fourth of September, and it was hardly expected that the business could be arranged so soon. The directors with President Young, however, went to work vigorously and the result was the quick re-opening.

There were but few depositors checking yesterday and in no case was the amount large. President Young says any of their depositors can get their money at sight without delay, but if their large depositors inaugurate a "run," the bank would require thirty days notice. Everything passed off smoothly yesterday.

European Steamship Arrivals Reported Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European steamship and telegraph office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the White Star line steamer Baltic at New York; Guion line steamer Nevada at New York; Inman line steamer City of Paris at New York; Inman line steamer City of Limerick at New York; National line steamer Holland at New York; Cunard line steamer Parthia at New York; Holland line steamer Rotterdam at Rotterdam; Guion line steamer Idaho at Queenstown; Inman line steamer City of Chester at Queenstown; Cunard line steamer Algeria at Queenstown; Hamburg line steamer Cimbria at Plymouth; N. G. Lloyd line steamer Hansa at Southampton.

Paying the Small Bills.

It has been suggested by a number of judicious business men that much inconvenience, not to say serious annoyance would be obviated if the people would pay their small bills when presented. It is complained that very many persons who are generally good for settling and pay their store, shop and other accounts have, since the financial troubles prevailed, permitted them selves to defer the payment of such claims. This practice obtains, in many cases when the debtor party has money enough, to the great prejudice of the creditor party. Such a course in the multitude of small accounts we refer to, is calculated to do much harm in spreading the pressure over a much larger number of people and choking up the ordinary indispensable channels of circulation—outside of banks and counting rooms. We hope the practice referred to will meet with general censure and be discontinued.

Local Preachers' Association.

The local preachers of the M. E. church, in this and surrounding cities, have an association which holds its sessions semi-annual y. The business meeting was held on Saturday evening last, in the Trinity M. E. church, on Liberty, fifth street. Rev. Mr. Barnes was the reelected President, and Rev. W. H. Kincaid Secretary. The Secretary was appointed to preach the next semi annual sermon. On Sunday the services consisted of a sermon at half-past 10 A. M. by Rev. John Whitmore, from the words, "And I will fill this House with my Glory." The sermon was a very happy effort—the passage being interpreted to refer to Christ's coming to the second temple as its glory. In the afternoon the love feast service was held. In the evening addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. Dermott, on "Charity," and by J. Vannote on "Methodism." The services of the day were very interesting and the meeting a success.

Trinity M. E. church, in which the services were held, has been recently frescoed and thoroughly refitted, and is one of the most tasteful and beautiful churches, decoratively, to be found in the city. It has a growing congregation composed very largely of young persons, an excellent choir, and an able and pleasant minister in the person of Rev. Mr. McCleary. At the evening service, on Sunday, several persons were received into full membership, as the result of a revival last winter.

"JUST BEFORE THE BATTLE."

Meeting Last Night in the Franklin Street School House.

A large meeting of the voters of the Seventh ward of this city was held last night in the Franklin street school house. The attendance was very good indeed, and the interest felt by all was manifested by the energetic manner in which the questions that came up were discussed. The meeting was organized by electing Joseph A. Butler Chairman, and Joseph Ross and Charles Jeorny, Secretaries. On motion of D. D. Mathews, a committee of nine, consisting of Messrs. R. Lindsay, James Donnebroke, John Smith, Geo. Massey, Jno. George, Captain Cooper, P. H. Lubis, Wm. Douglass and Richard Williams, was appointed to take charge of the tickets for the day. A carriage committee, numbering Messrs. Means, Simpson, Atkinson, Dalgliesh, Fleming, Jeremy, Ross and Adley, was appointed to attend to getting disabled voters to the polls. Mr. Thomas Gatewood, in response to calls, made a good, sound and practical address. He was followed by Mr. Wm. Smith, and at the conclusion of his speech some business of an unimportant character was transacted, and the meeting adjourned.

BRICELAND.

His Appeal to the Supreme Court.

The case of Henry Briceland, the Washington county murderer, will come up in the Supreme Court the latter part of next month. The counsel of Briceland made an appeal for a new trial in his case on the ground that the other trial was illegal from the fact that the regular two weeks' session of the court had expired before the case was taken up, and that there was no legal beginning of the term. The sessions of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions, and Common Pleas, known to the existing law, are regular, special and adjourned. Regular terms are the several times fixed or, "appointed by law for holding the courts, and they are plainly distinguished from adjourned sessions and special terms, which are called from time to time *by Judges*, to meet emergencies. The counsel claims that the court had no right to sit two weeks after this regular term, and that all things then done were void and a violation of the constitution.

On the other hand it is contended that the Court of Oyer and Terminer by *implication* has power to adjourn from day to day and continue in session longer than the exact term specified by law.

The point is an interesting one to the legal fraternity as it is important to Briceland.

A DRUG HOUSE IN FLAMES.

Fire on Liberty Street Last Evening.

Last evening about half-past five o'clock a fire broke out in the drug and tobacco warehouse of W. L. Jones & Co., No. 337 Liberty street. A boy and a young woman were at work in the fourth story packing medicines. The boy was making a varnish on a stove, when suddenly it caught fire, and he and the woman rushed down stairs shouting "fire!" The flames, owing to the combustible nature of the stuff in the room, spread in an instant, bursting out through the windows, looking very fierce and threatening. As the fire was seen by many, alarms were sounded from box 32 and 34, which somewhat confused the telegraph operator, but nevertheless, the engines were promptly on the spot, and fell to work very quickly. When the engines came the fire looked as though the building was doomed to fall a prey to the devouring element, but a copious supply of water prevented a spread of the flames, and confined the fire to the third and fourth stories of the building in which it originated. The damage done to the building will amount to about eight hundred dollars. It belongs to McClelland & Wray, and is fully insured. The stock of Messrs Jones & Co. did not fare so well. It consisted of medicines, drugs and tobacco, and is damaged to the amount of between six and seven thousand dollars, and is insured for five thousand dollars, divided between the People's and Citizens' Insurance Companies of this city.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Session Yesterday.

The Bridge to be Erected Over the Monongahela River at the Point—The Improvement of Brownsville Avenue—Paving the Point Streets—Large Amount of Business Transacted—Invitation to Attend Corner Stone Laying—Reports of Committees.

The City Councils met yesterday afternoon in regular session.

SELECT COUNCIL.

A. H. GROSS.....President.
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk.

This branch was called to order very late, owing to the difficulty in getting a quorum. The following members answered to roll call:

Messrs. Adams, Ahl, Aiken, Atkinson, Atterbury, G. A. Brown, R. B. Brown, Burgwin, Chess, Daniells, Dettrich, Dorrington, Doyle, Duncan, Darling, Elder, Fetterman, Foster, Gaivin, Goldthorpe, Haines, Hays, Herron, House, Hunter, Jeremy, E. P. Jones, J. H. Jones, Kernan, Kirk, Kiss, Lenfman, Liddell, Lloyd, Littell, Marshall, Minnick, Montooth, Morrow, Murray, McCandless, McCarthy, McClurg, McCune, McDonald, McKee, McMahon, Och, O'Neil, Pearson, Rafferty, Rayburn, Riddell, Schmidt, Scully, Seeley, Smith, Thompson, Watson, President Gross.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

An invitation was read from Washington and Jefferson College inviting the Select Branch to attend the laying of the corner stone of the new building of that institution on the 21st of October. The invitation was accepted.

Resolution for warrant in favor of A. L. Sargent for amount due him for acting as page to October 1st. Passed.

TERM EXPIRED.

A communication was read from the Water Commission stating that the term of Mr. Watson as a member of that Board had expired.

On motion of Mr. Burgwin the common council was requested to meet Select Branch in joint session for the election of a member to fill the vacancy.

Ordinance for grading of Black's alley. Passed finally.

PETITIONS ETC.,

Mr. Jeremy, bill of W. J. Mathews for services as viewer. Referred.

Dr. Ahl, petition for opening of Charles, Henry, Albert and Morris streets in 14th ward. Referred.

Dr McCandless, resolution requesting Water commission to lay pipes on Rose street as soon as possible. Passed.

E. P. JONES, petition for change of grade on Wylie avenue, between Erin and Kirkpatrick streets. Referred.

Petition for frame building on Loech street, Fifteenth ward. Referred.

Mr. R. H SMITH, resolution making it the duty of policeman to examine once a week every fire plug on their beats, and if found out of order to report the same. Passed.

Mr. KIRK, petition for viewers to assess damages caused by the grading of Stanton avenue. Referred.

Mr. LITTELL, petition and ordinance for grading of Homewood avenue, between Penn avenue and the Railroad. Petition received and ordinance passed finally.

Mr. BURGWIN, petition of Mr. McKee, of Twenty-third ward, for exoneration from business tax. Referred.

Mr. BROWN, remonstrance against sewer on Edwards alley. Referred.

Also, resolution to have wharf at foot of Twenty sixth street dredged. Referred.

Mr. GALVIN, remonstrance against grading and paving of Brownsville avenue. Referred.

TUNNEL UNDER BOYD'S HILL.

Mr. ADAMS, resolution instructing the City Engineer to report the cost and practicability of a tunnel under Boyd's Hill. Referred to City Engineer.

Mr. GOLDTHORPE, resolution to increase the size of water mains. Referred to Water Committee with power to act.

Mr. FETTERMAN, resolution for repair of board walk on Mt. Washington street. Referred.

Mr. LLOYD presented the report of the Water Committee for August. Received and filed.

Mr. MCKEE desired to call up the ordinance for a bridge over the Monongahela river.

The President informed him it could not be called up then.

The report of the Road Committee was received and filed.

Mr. E. P. JONES, report of viewers on Stanton avenue. Approved.

Also, ordinance for grading, paving, &c., of Rebecca street. Put on its third reading and passed finally.

Also, petition and ordinance for grading, paving and curbing of Madison avenue from Jefferson to Thirty-third street. Petition received and ordinance passed finally.

Also, petition for change of grade of Devilliers street, which was improperly referred to Road Committee. Referred to Survey Committee with power to act.

The following unfinished business was taken up:

Ordinance regulating the number of policemen and lamp washers in the city. Passed finally.

Ordinance for improvement of Brownsville avenue. Passed finally.

Ordinance for [illegible] against the same was read.

Mr. KIRK moved over until after the joint session of the Common Councils, which was announced that that Branch was ready to meet in joint session to elect a Water Commissioner.

THE AVENUE IMPROVEMENT.

After the joint session was over Mr. ELDER moved that the ordinance for the improvement noted above be referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. BIDDELL, in a speech, advocated the passage of the ordinance. He thought the people on Mt. Washington should have some improved way for reaching the city instead of by the old road and the Incline Plane. He moved as an amendment, that the ordinance be referred to a committee of five from this Council, the ordinance having passed Common Council.

Mr. KIRK said that the matter had been fully discussed at a previous meeting, and that a committee could not possibly handle it any more about it than Council's already knew. Besides a committee might be partial, and he deemed Select Council fully competent to pass upon the matter.

The question on the reference to a committee of five from the South Side, in connection with the City Engineer, was put and carried. The following is the committee: Adams, R. B. Brown, Dorrington, Fetterman and McKee.

Mr. KIRK moved that the rules be suspended and the ordinance for the construction of a bridge over the Monongahela river be taken up.

Mr. Burgwin was opposed to taking the or dinance up then.

After some discussion, Mr. McKee withdrew his motion.

Ordinance for fixing the width of roadway of Forbes street. Passed.

Ordinance repealing an ordinance for sewer on Seventh and Webster avenues from its terminus to Fulton street. Passed.

Ordinance opening Forty-fifth street from Davidson street to Pennsylvania avenue.

Resolution authorizing the employment of help in changing names of duplicated streets. Passed.

Ordinance repealing an ordinance granting the Pennsylvania Railroad the tract of land in the vicinity of Point street and Seventh avenue. Indefinitely postponed.

Ordinance for improving Point alley. Laid over.

Ordinance for improving Denney alley. Laid over.

All other business from Common Council was concurred in except as otherwise noted.

THE BRIDGE AT THE POINT.

Ordinance for the erection of a bridge over the Monongahela river from the Point to a point on the South Side. Passed in C. C.

The ordinance was read by the Clerk.

Mr. KIRK said that the immediate passage of the ordinance was required in order that the passages to the bridge now being built over the Allegheny river might be put in readiness for it.

Mr. MCCANDLESS moved that the ordinance be printed and postponed until the next meeting.

Mr. MCKEE moved as an amendment that the ordinance be taken up and passed section by section.

Mr. MCCUNE moved that the rules be suspended in order that the ordinance might be read a second time.

The President stated that the ordinance came from Common Council as original business and that an objection laid it over.

The motion of Mr. McCune was then carried by a vote of 38 to 11.

Mr. MCCANDLESS renewed his motion, that the ordinance be printed in connection with the act of Assembly. Carried.

Resolution requesting members of Councils to meet in this chamber on Tuesday, October 21, to attend laying of corner stone of Washington and Jefferson College. Carried.

A number of ordinances from Common Council were presented, and all concurred in except as follows:

Ordinance to grade and pave Second street from Penn avenue to Duquesne Way. Indefinitely postponed.

Ordinance for grading and paving First street. Indefinitely postponed.

Same for Sarawix street. Indefinitely postponed.

Same for Duquesne Way from Suspension bridge to Water street. Indefinitely postponed.

On motion, the Select Branch adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

W. B. NEGLEY.....President.
GEO. BOOTH.....Clerk.

At the call of the roll the following members answered: Present: Messrs. Arnbolt, Bindley, S. M. Boyd, Bryce, Brasher, Carroll, Duff, Everson, Finley, Fleming, Follansbee, Foley, Friedens, Fulton, Harris, Hays, Jones, Kerr, Laughran, Lowrey, Maple, Joseph Moore, Jos Moore, Morgan, McGonvay, McGimpsey, Oberheidman, Rahauser, Richards, Riley, Ross, Sewell, Semple, Trautman, West, President Negley.

Minutes read and approved.

PETITIONS, RESOLUTIONS, ETC.

Mr. FULTON, resolution to pay Mr. Sergeant, page of Common Council. Passed.

Mr RINDLEY, petition for the improvement of Forbes street, from Boyd to Brady; also an ordinance for the same, under the Penn avenue act. Passed.

Mr. LOWREY, petition for opening of Roup street, from Wilkins avenue to Four Mile Run Road. Referred to Street Committee.

THE NEW MONONGAHELA BRIDGE.

Mr. MCCONWAY, from the Bridge Committee, obtained permission to offer an ordinance authorizing the erection of a bridge over the Monongahela river from a point near the junction of said river with the Allegheny river, to a point on the south side of said Monongahela river, on the property of Wm. K Nimick and others." This ordinance is authorized under the act of Assembly authorizing the city of Pittsburgh to purchase and build bridges, and for that object to borrow money and issue bonds."

The ordinance was read, and, on motion, taken up section by section.

The first, second, third and fourth sections were passed as read.

Mr. DUFF moved to amend the fifth section by adding "provided that said plans be submitted to Councils for their approval." Agreed to.

Mr. FULTON moved to amend the same section by striking out "ten" and inserting "thirty" as the number of days' notice to be given in advertising for proposals. Agreed to.

The section as amended, was then adopted.

Section sixth was amended by adding "at not less than their par value."

The remaining sections were adopted, and the ordinance as amended, was read a third time and finally passed.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Mr. JOHN MOORE, petition from School Directors of the Seventeenth ward, for permission to erect a frame dwelling. Also, petition from N. Schoonora, for same privilege. Referred to Building Committee.

Also, an ordinance allowing Mr. Michael Rudolph to erect a frame dwelling on Calvin street. Passed.

Also, remonstrance against change of grade of Penn avenue, from Thirty-third to Butler streets. Received and filed.

Also, petitions and ordinances for the opening of Grazier and Kelly streets, from Muriland to Linden avenues. Petitions received and filed, and ordinances passed finally.

Mr. TRAUTMAN, petition for abating a nuisance on Water street, between Twenty-first and Twenty second streets, South Side. The nuisances consists of a varnish factory. Referred to Board of Health.

GRANDVIEW AVENUE.

Mr. HAYS, an ordinance for the improvement of Grandview avenue, late High street, South Side, under the Penn avenue act. Passed finally.

Also, an ordinance granting J. C. J. Young permission to erect an iron-clad building on Neville street, Twenty-eighth ward. Referred to Building Inspector.

Mr. MAPLE, petition and ordinance for a boardwalk on Brownsville avenue, from Washington avenue to city line. Ordinance passed finally.

Mr. WEST, resolution for a fire plug on Mary street, Twenty-fourth ward. Referred to Water Commission.

STREET BUSINESS.

Mr. JONES, of the Street Committee, reported the following:

Ordinances changing the grade of Penn avenue from Thirty-second to Butler street; constructing wooden steps on Yard's alley, South Side; repealing an ordinance for a sewer on Swallow alley; for a sewer on Edward's alley, South Side; sewer on Exchange alley; sewer on Franklin street; to widen second avenue from Ross to Cross street; to grade Railroad street from Arthurs street to Railroad avenue, South Side; for the grading, paving and curbing of Walnut alley, from Sixth to Ninth street; for the grading, paving and curbing of Eighth street, from Carson to Bingham street, South Side; for the grading, paving and curbing of Davison street, from Main to Forty second street; granting the People's Passenger Railway Company the right of way over certain streets; resolution for payment of Board of Viewers; report of Viewers on the extension of Union street, from Fifth avenue to Liberty street; report of Viewers on Church alley sewer.

All the ordinances were passed finally except the following:

Ordinance for widening of Second avenue; referred back to the Committee; for a twenty inch pipe sewer on Franklin street; for an eighteen inch pipe sewer on Edward's alley—laid over; for change of grade on Penn avenue—laid over; granting the People's Passenger Railway Company the right over certain streets—read a second time and ordered to be published.

The viewers' reports were approved, and resolution to pay members of the Board of Viewers adopted.

SURVEY REPORT.

Mr. FLEMING, of the Survey Committe, presented the following business:

Plan of a reets in Iron City Park; approved. Ordinance fixing grade of Bedford avenue; referred back to Committee. Ordinance fixing grade of Twenty-sixth street, South Side; passed. Ordinance establishing grade on Lincoln avenue; referred back to Committee.—(Mr. Finley stating that only a portion of the grade as now proposed was satisfactory, and that to adopt it as a whole would only subject the people to uncalled for trouble, and as the Commissioners would soon meet he knew important changes would be proposed on a large portion of the road). Ordinances establishing grade of Twenty-fourth street, South Side; passed. Ordinances establishing the grade of Twenty-fifth street, South Side; passed: ordinance fixing the grade of Twenty-third street, South Side, passed. Ordinances establishing grades of Colwell, Mullen and Clay streets, passed. Ordinances fixing grades of Jane and Water streets, South Side, passed. Ordinance locating Boundary street; passed second read once and laid over. Ordinances fixing grades of Boston, Baden, Soho, Mohawk and Gazzam streets; passed.

Mr. CARROLL of the Water Commission, offered a petition and ordinance for the opening of Adelaide street, from Madison avenue to Iowa street; petition received, and ordinance passed finally. Also, petition and ordinance to grade and pave said street; petition recieved and ordinance passed finally.

POLICE REPORT.

Mr. DUFF, of the Police Committee, reported the expenditures for September, as follows: Office bills, $551 28; police telegraph, $6 60; police pay roll, $17,144.95. Report accepted.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Ordinance establishing grade of Greenfield avenue. September 8th read and laid over; October 13, laid over on second reading.

Ordinance for bridge over Saw Mill run, at Shaler street; brick sidewalk on Taylor street; brick sidewalk on north side of Liberty, from Winebiddle street; opening Thirty-fourth street; repealing old ordinance for opening Thirty-fourth street; locating Clay alley; grading and paving Camp street; opening Iowa street; grading and paving Alpine street; opening Iowa street; grading and paving Iowa street; grading and paving Jefferson street; brick sidewalk on Elm street; establishing width of roadway on Hiland avenue, and brick sidewalk on Grant street, were passed in S. C. September 29th; in C. C. October 13, concurred in.

The viewers report on Alter street, in S. C. September 29, approved. C. C. concurred.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

Mr. Duff, resolution that as councils had accepted the invitation to attend the corner stone ceremony at Washington College, on Tuesday, October 21st, that the Messenger be instructed to notify councilmen to meet in their respective halls on Tuesday, October 21st, at 8 o'clock A. M., to proceed to Washington, Pa. Passed.

Bill of W. J. Matthews, for serving street sewer notices, amounting to $4.05, ordered to be paid.

Mr. Harris, petition and ordinance for opening Florismere (formerly High) street Ninth ward, from Young street to centre of property of Young's heirs; referred to survey committee. Adjourned.

JOINT SESSION.

Dr. GROS announced the object of the meeting to be the election of a member of the Water Commission to fill the vacancy occasioned by the expiration of the term of Mr. Watson.

Mr. WATSON was nominated and unanimously re elected in less time than it takes to tell it.

Being called on for a speech he returned thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

SUFFERING MEMPHIS.

What *Is* Being Done Here For The Southern City.

The good work in behalf of the stricken city of Memphis still goes on. The members of the Duquesne Fire Company have contributed in all so far the sum of $101 25 to be paid for the relief of the firemen of Memphis. On Saturday last Chief Engineer White sent away $200 and to day he expects to forward an equal amount. The following contributions were handed in to the Mayor's office yesterday:

John Harper, $10; F. Schroder, $3; Stevenson & Fuerst, $5; Sweeney & McCandless, $5; Cash, $5; James Caldwell, $10; Cash, $5; D. E. Park, $10; Cash, $1; R. Edwards & Son, $5; Cash, $3. A. C. Kerr, $2; W. G. Johnston & Co., $10; Mr. Johnston, $1; Thos. Maxwell, $1; C. H. Armstrong, $5; Cash, $5; Frank Ardary $5; Allen Kirkpatrick & Co., $10, Cash, $10; E. & C. Magion, $5; Casey & Fogarty, $5; Henderson & Bro., $5; Lyon, Shorb & Co., $25; Kloman, Parks & Co., $15; Park Bros & Co., $25; Spencer, McKay & Co., $5; Central Oil Refining Co., $25; Wm Harrsworth, $5; Atwood & McCaffrey, $10; Cash, $15; Nelson Williams, 50 cents; Koenig & Gill, $5; Isaac Jones, $50; Marshall, Kennedy & Co., $20; E. Wilkins and wife, $2; Lamplugh, Williamson & Dick, $5; J. L. Maxwell, $2; St. Clair Lodge, I. O. O. F., $16.50, in addition to Lodge subscription; Proceeds of Miss Potters reading, $231; D. Trestley's church by A. Spencer Treasurer $15. Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, $75 47; South Common M. E Church, $8.03; Christ M. E Church, $102 41; Third U. P. Church, $66 84; Union M. E. Church, by Dr. I. N. Baird, $50; Sixth U. P. Church, $51.71; North Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, $73; Fourth avenue Baptist Church, $56.17; Central U. P. Church, $25 40; German Baptist Church, South Side, $14 85; First Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, $100; Post 88 Grand Army of Republic, $5; L. Morganstern, $5; W. E. Sutmeyer, $15.

The Finance Committee are requested to meet at the Mayor's office this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

R. C. GRAY, Chairman.

MORTUARY REPORTS.

The List of Deaths in Pittsburgh Last Week.

The Physician to the Board of Health reports 60 deaths in the city during the past week of which there were from Consumption 7; Pneumonia 6; Scarlet fever 5; Diptheria, Typhoid Fever, Valvular disease of heart, unknown, each 3; Accident, Cholera Infantum, Convulsions, Epilepsy, Insanition, each 2; Alcoholism, Abscess, Chronic Bronchitis, Acute Bronchitis, Sporadic Cholera, Eribritis, Meningitis, Diarrhœa, Puerpal Fever, Gastric Enteritis, Congestion of Lungs, Tenderness, Acute Meningitis, Whooping Cough, each 1. Of the victims there were under 1 year, 13; from 1 to 2, 6; 2 to 5, 7; 5 to 10, 3; 10 to 15, 1; 15 to 20, 2; 20 to 30, 10; 30 to 40 5; 40 to 50, 2; 50 to 60, 3; 60 to 70, 7; 90 to 100, 1. Males, 32; females, 28; white, 57; colored, 3; total, 60.

Allegheny Weekly Death Rate.

Health Officer Hoch, of Allegheny, reports twenty-three deaths as having occurred in that city during the past week. The following were the causes: Scarlet fever, 1; accident, 1; inflammation of bowels, 1; convulsions, 2; inflammation of brain, 2; consumption, 3; Bright's disease, 1; pneumonia, 2; diptheria, 1; meningitis, 1; measles, 1; croup, 1; enteritis, 1; laryngitis, 1; unknown, 1; asphyxia, 1. Of these eleven were males and twelve females.

A Plea for the Farmers.

A correspondent writes to complain of the injustice of imposing a fine upon countrymen for leaving their wagons stand on the street "over time," and yet not inflicting the same penalty on citizens. The correspondent cites a case in Allegheny which he deems unjust, and to avoid any further trouble he suggests that the First ward Diamond Square be set apart for farmers who bring produce into market in their wagons—the vehicles being used as stands. By having the Square thus set apart the wagons could all be driven in from the street.

The Weber Piano

At Carl Retter's, No. 29 Fifth avenue. tf

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Meeting of the Central Board.

The City Schools During September—The Changes Made—The Improvements Suggested—Trouble at the High School—The Scholars in Attendance Last Month—The Superintendent Gets An Assistant—The Records from the Principals—General Notes of the Work.

The Central Board of Education held a monthly meeting Saturday afternoon, the Board being convened one day earlier on account of the election.

Present: Messrs. Arthurs, Aughenbaugh, Barker, Caldwell, Fleming, Graham, Harper, Hemlup, Kenew, Kimmel, Lewis, Mason, Mitchell, McEwen, Nobbs, Praetsch, Rankin, Shaw, Sims, Strain, Turney, Wilkinson, Wilson, and President Craig.

Minutes read and approved.

A CORNER-STONE LAYING.

The Secretary read a communication from the Building Committee of Washington and Jefferson College, inviting the Board to attend the laying of the corner stone of the new buildings on October 21st inst. The communication was received and filed and the invitation accepted.

HIGH SCHOOL IRREGULARITIES.

A communication was read from Mr. Joseph Hartman, formerly a member of the Board, setting forth certain irregularities in the High School, charging Prof. Gibbons with exercising tyrannical powers towards one of his pupils, and the High School faculty with denying the same aggrieved pupil the right to a public hearing; also complaining that the Latin examinations were defective and unfair, and the course of training in that department inefficient.

Mr. Nobbs moved to receive and file the communication. Carried.

He then moved to refer the charges to a special committee of five, but withdrew his motion to allow the report of a sub-committee of the High School Committee on this special subject to be read.

This set forth that the several charges had been investigated, and in the opinion of the Committee were not sustained.

Mr. Nobbs here renewed his motion for the appointment of a special committee, and it prevailed.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Nobbs, Harper, Aughenbugh, Mitchell and McEwen.

SUPERINTENDENT JACKSON'S REPORT.

The following statement showing the condition of the Public Schools of Pittsburgh for the month of September was submitted by Superintendent Luckey:

"During the month there were in all 340 teachers employed in the various schools, of whom 287 were females. The total average attendance of pupils was 12 319, of whom 6,023 were boys and 6,295 girls. The total enrollment was 14 807, of whom 7,274 were boys and 7,534 girls. The highest per cent. of attendance in any of the rooms was 95. The number of Directors visits was 509, and of parents visits 588.

The Knox district (six rooms), and six rooms in the Minersville disurict, were the only schools during the month of September, owing to the fact that the new buildings in said districts were not completed. Without these schools the enrollment of pupils for the month was 706 greater than for the corresponding month of last year. Entering the enrollment of pupils in the rooms not in session at five hundred, the increase in the enrolment would be 1,206. The enrollment in the schools of the old city is 10,501, and in the South Side 1,142. There are 63 teachers employed in the evening schools, and an average attendance of pupils of 1,538.

DRAWING.

Very considerable interest has been created in our schools, and among our teachers and people by the introduction of drawing as a study in the public schools. Miss Potter, the drawing teacher, has met the teachers in class twelve times during the month, has given six public evening lectures to the citizens on the importance of drawing as a public school branch of study, and has visited and given instructions in actual school work in a number of rooms in the city.

I have requested her employers, J. R. Osgood & Co., of Boston, to allow her to remain with us until she has completed the work necessary to be done to insure the successful introduction of this branch of study. GEO. J. LUCKEY, Superintendent.

The report was received and filed.

SEPTEMBER EXPENDITURES.

The Secretary reported that warrants had been drawn since last meeting, as follows:

Payment of Teachers	$22 220 60
" " Bills	1,061 00
Total	$23,281 60

The report was received and filed.

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

Professor B. C. Jillson reported that the High School had been in session twenty-two days during the month. The per cent. of attendance was 92. There had been an average attendance of 294 in the Academical Department, 58 in Commercial, and 54 in the Normal. Report received and filed.

FINANCES.

Mr. Rankin presented the report of the Finance Committee, as follows:

Balance on hand September 8, 1873.	$188 335 19
Warrants paid since September 8 h.,	139,609 01
Bonds paid since September 8th.,	29,600 00
Coupons paid since September 8 h.,	1 613 00
Balance on hand Oct. 14, '73	$139,709 01

The report was received and filed.

ADDITIONAL TEACHERS ALLOWED.

Mr. Nobbs, from the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, reported applications for additional teachers, as follows: Riverside sub-district, one grammar; Liberty, one intermediate; third, one grammar; Liberty, one primary and one intermediate; Howard, (Bloomfield) one primary; Park, two primary; Washington, one primary; Allen, one grammar, Stevens, one intermediate; Lincoln, one intermediate; Hancock, one primary.

Mr. Nobbs moved to receive and file the communication. Carried.

He then moved to refer the charges to a special committee of five, but withdrew his motion to allow the report of a sub-committee of the High School Committee on this special subject to be read.

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